Product Disclosure Statement

First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF

APIR: FSF1241AU
ARSN: 157 876 134
ASX Code: PWER
Issue Date: 1 October 2026
Issued by: The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited
ABN 45 003 278 831
AFSL 235150

First Sentier Investors

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This Product Disclosure Statement (**PDS**) is a summary of the significant information relating to the issue of units in the First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (ARSN: 157 876 134) (**Fund**) through a class of units called the First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF (APIR: FSF1241AU) (**Hedged Class**). The Fund is comprised of multiple classes of units. Where information differs between classes, the relevant class will be specifically identified, otherwise references to Fund relate to all classes. The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme. You should consider all of this information for the Fund before making an investment decision to invest in the Fund.

This PDS is issued by The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited ABN 45 003 278 831, AFSL 235150 (**Responsible Entity**) as responsible entity of the Fund. First Sentier Investors (Australia) IM Ltd ABN 89 114 194 311, AFSL 289017 has been appointed by the Responsible Entity as the investment manager of the Fund (**Investment Manager**) and is a member of the First Sentier Group.

This PDS is dated 1 October 2026 (**Issue Date**) and a copy of this PDS was lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (**ASIC**) on that date. The PDS will be subject to a seven-day exposure period after the Issue Date which may be extended by ASIC for a further period of up to seven days.

The Responsible Entity has made an application to the Australian Securities Exchange (**ASX**) for the quotation of the units in the Hedged Class on the ASX with the exchange ticker: PWER. If the application is approved, once quoted for trading on the ASX under the AQUA Rules, investors will be able to buy and sell units in the Hedged Class on the ASX. No applications for units offered pursuant to this PDS will be accepted until the exposure period has expired. Units cannot be traded on the ASX until units in the Hedged Class have been quoted for trading on the ASX.

No representation is made concerning the quotation of the Hedged Class on the ASX. Neither ASIC nor the ASX take any responsibility for the contents of this PDS.

The PDS and Target Market Determination (**TMD**) are available from the Investment Manager's website at www.firstsentierinvestors.com.au or you can request a paper copy free of charge by contacting the Responsible Entity or the Investment Manager. The information provided in this PDS is general information and does not take into account your personal financial situation or needs. We recommend that you seek financial advice tailored to your personal circumstances before making an investment decision to help you consider the appropriateness of the information in this PDS having regard to your objectives, financial situation and needs, as well as to assist with determining whether you form part of the target market of the Hedged Class.

This PDS is authorised as disclosure for both investors investing directly in the Hedged Class and indirect investors who wish to access the Hedged Class through an investor directed portfolio service (**IDPS**), IDPS-like scheme, a nominee or custody service or any other trading platform authorised by the Responsible Entity (collectively, **Service**). If you are an indirect investor gaining access to the Hedged Class through a Service, the operator of the relevant Service (**Service Operator**) will invest for you and have the rights of an investor in the Hedged Class. Certain provisions of the Fund's constitution (**Constitution**) are not relevant to indirect investors. For example, indirect investors cannot attend investor meetings or transfer units in the Hedged Class. You can request reports on your investments in the Hedged Class from the Service Operator and you should direct any inquiries to them.

The offer of units under this PDS is only available to persons receiving this PDS (electronically or otherwise) in Australia and does not constitute an offer or recommendation in any other jurisdiction, or to any person to whom it would be unlawful to make such an offer. This PDS is not directed at persons in the United States. The units may not be offered or sold in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any US Person (as defined in Regulation S under the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended). All times quoted in this PDS are Sydney time (unless otherwise specified). A business day is a day that is a trading day for the purposes of the ASX Operating Rules (**Business Day**).

All dollar amounts are in Australian dollars unless otherwise indicated. Neither the Responsible Entity, the Investment Manager, nor any other entity associated with either the Responsible Entity or the Investment Manager guarantees the repayment of capital or performance of the Fund or any specific rate of return from the Fund. Investments in the Fund are not deposits or other liabilities of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. (**MUFG**) (the ultimate owner of the Investment Manager) or any other entity associated with MUFG.

UP TO DATE INFORMATION

The information in this PDS is up to date as at the Issue Date. However, some information may change from time to time. Information that is not materially adverse to investors may be updated via the Investment Manager's website without notice. You can obtain a copy of any updated information free of charge either from the Investment Manager's website, by contacting the Investment Manager and requesting a paper copy, or by contacting your Service Operator. If a change is considered materially adverse, the Responsible Entity will provide notice and issue a replacement or supplementary PDS (which will also be available via the Investment Manager's website) where required by law.

This PDS contains forward-looking statements. These statements are based on an assessment of present economic and operating conditions and on a number of assumptions and contingencies that are subject to change without notice. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties and other factors which are beyond the control of the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager. These statements (including estimates) are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied upon as an indication or guarantee of future performance. The Responsible Entity, the Investment Manager and their respective directors or officers do not make any representation, express or implied, in relation to forward-looking statements. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Capitalised terms used in this PDS have the meaning given to them in the 'Terms used in this PDS' section at the back of this PDS.

1. Fund features

First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF	
Fund name	First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (ARSN: 157 876 134, registered name)
Unit class name	First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF (APIR: FSF1241AU, also known as the Hedged Class)
ASX Code	PWER
Responsible Entity	The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited
Investment Manager	First Sentier Investors (Australia) IM Ltd
Key fund features	
Description	This Fund is likely to be suitable for investors seeking long term income and growth from global listed infrastructure companies.
Investment objective[1]	To deliver capital growth and inflation protected income by investing in a globally diversified portfolio of infrastructure securities. The Hedged Class aims to outperform the FTSE Global Core Infrastructure 50/50 Index, hedged to Australian dollars (Net TR) (before fees and taxes) over rolling three-year periods.
Investment strategy	The Fund invests in shares of infrastructure companies from around the world. The infrastructure sector includes operating assets from the transport, utilities, energy and communications sectors. The strategy is based on active, bottom-up security selection which seeks to identify mispricing. The Fund seeks to minimise risk through on-the-ground research, focus on quality and sensible portfolio construction. The Hedged Class uses derivatives to hedge its currency exposure to Australian dollars.
Benchmark	FTSE Global Core Infrastructure 50/50 Index, hedged to Australian dollars (Net TR)
Minimum suggested investment timeframe for holding the investment	7 years. Please note this is a guide only, not a recommendation.
Asset allocation[2]	Global listed equities: 90 – 100% Cash: 0 – 10%
Standard Risk Measure[3]	5
Risk level[4]	**Medium to high** The likelihood of the capital value of the investment going down over the short term is higher compared to funds investing in lower-risk assets such as fixed interest assets and cash.
Net asset value (NAV)	The NAV of the Hedged Class is calculated by deducting the total value of the liabilities of the Hedged Class from the total market value of the assets of the Hedged Class. The NAV is calculated each Business Day for the preceding Business Day. The NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the NAV by the total number of units on issue in the Hedged Class. The NAV per unit published on a particular Business Day reflects the value of the unit at the close of trading on the previous Business Day. Please refer to section 4 'How the Fund works' for more information on the NAV per unit.
Indicative NAV	An indicative NAV per unit (**iNAV**) will be calculated by the iNAV provider appointed by the Responsible Entity (**iNAV Provider**) and is an indicative value of the NAV per unit based on live market prices during the Business Day, and, where live market prices are not available, real time estimate of prices[5] are provided through the iNAV Provider's Real Time Fair Value Information Service. The iNAV will be published throughout the Business Day on the Investment Manager's website at www.firstsentierinvestors.com.au. Please refer to section 4 'How the Fund works' for more information on the iNAV.
Buying or selling units	You can invest in the Hedged Class by: – applying for units directly with the Responsible Entity by completing an initial or additional application form which is available from the Registry on request (by contacting Investor Services) or via the online application process (as applicable); or – buying units on the ASX. You can withdraw from the Hedged Class by: – making a request to withdraw directly with the Responsible Entity by submitting a withdrawal form; or – selling units on the ASX. The method by which you invest in the Hedged Class does not limit the method by which you can withdraw from the Hedged Class. However, you may be required to first Convert your units (as applicable). Please refer to 'Converting your units' in section 5 'How to invest and withdraw from the First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF' for more information. If you apply for units directly with the Responsible Entity you will likely pay a different price for units in the Hedged Class than if you were to buy units on the ASX at the exact same time. Similarly, if you withdraw units directly with the Responsible Entity you will likely receive a different price than if you were to sell the units on the ASX at the exact same time. These differences may result in a different return for the same investment in the Hedged Class at the same time. Please refer to section 5 'How to invest and withdraw from the First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF' for more information on the differences between applying for and withdrawing units directly with the Responsible Entity and buying and selling units on the ASX.

First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF	
Liquidity on the ASX	You can buy and sell units on the ASX in the same way as any ASX listed securities. Under the AQUA Rules, we have certain obligations in respect of the Hedged Class to facilitate an orderly and liquid market. The Responsible Entity has appointed a market maker(s) to provide market making activities by placing buy and sell orders for units on the ASX and also to provide liquidity to investors on the ASX by acting as a buyer and seller of units on the ASX (**Market Maker(s)**). The Responsible Entity has also appointed authorised participant(s) to assist with providing liquidity on the ASX (**Authorised Participant(s)**). The liquidity provided by the Market Maker(s) and Authorised Participant(s) will ultimately be constrained by day-to-day events such as, but not limited to, their continuing ability to create and cancel units. Please refer to section 7 'Risks of investing in the Fund' for more information on the risks associated with market making. There may be circumstances where withdrawals from the Fund are suspended in accordance with the Constitution or where the Fund is not liquid as defined under the Corporations Act. In those cases, the units may continue to trade on the ASX provided the Responsible Entity complies with the AQUA Rules. The Responsible Entity or the ASX may seek a trading halt if the Responsible Entity or the Hedged Class ceases to comply with the AQUA Rules. Alternatively, there may be circumstances where the ASX suspends trading of units in the Hedged Class and investors may continue to withdraw directly with the Responsible Entity (via the Registry), provided withdrawals have not also been suspended by the Responsible Entity in accordance with the Constitution. Please refer to 'Restrictions on withdrawals' and 'Suspensions' in section 4 'How the Fund works' for more information.
Risks	All investments are subject to risk. There are certain risks associated with an investment in the Hedged Class. The key risks include (but are not limited to) the following: – **ASX trading price risk** – The price at which investors may buy and sell units on the ASX may differ materially from the NAV per unit or the iNAV of the Hedged Class. – **Company risk** – Changes in a company or its business environment may affect the value of the Fund's security holding and subsequently the value of the Fund. – **Concentration risk** - A fund which is exposed to a relatively small number of securities may be subject to higher volatility in returns than a more diversified fund. – **Foreign investment risk** – Investments in international assets may involve certain risks arising from differences between countries in relation to accounting, financial reporting, taxation, legal, regulatory, currency, pricing and liquidity requirements and trading and settlement procedures. This is not a summary of all the risks of making an investment in the Hedged Class. Please refer to section 7 'Risks of investing in the Fund' for information on the risks of investing in the Hedged Class.
Fees and costs[6]	
Management fees and costs	0.95% p.a. of the net asset value (**NAV**) of the Hedged Class, comprised of: 1. Management fee: 0.95% p.a.[7] of the NAV of the Hedged Class; 2. Recoverable expenses: 0.00% p.a.[8] of the NAV of the Hedged Class; and 3. Indirect costs: 0.00% p.a. of the NAV of the Hedged Class.
Transaction costs	Estimated to be 0.05% p.a.[9] of the NAV of the Hedged Class
Buy/sell spread	+0.10%/-0.10%[10]
Changes to Fund details	The Responsible Entity may close or terminate the Fund, and make changes to the Fund's investment objective, benchmark, asset classes and allocation ranges at any time, in some cases, without prior notice. The Responsible Entity will inform unitholders of any material change to the Fund.

1. The investment objective is not intended to be a forecast. It is merely an indication of what the Fund aims to achieve over the longer term on the assumption that equity markets remain relatively stable throughout the investment term. The Fund may not be successful in meeting this objective. Returns are not guaranteed.

2. The asset allocation is a range. Actual allocations can change within the ranges significantly and sometimes quickly.

3. Based on Australian Prudential Regulation Authority guidance and Standard Risk Measure Guidance Paper for Trustees issued July 2011 by the Financial Services Council and The Association Superannuation Funds of Australia.

4. The risk level is not a complete assessment of all forms of investment risks, for instance it does not detail what the size of a negative return could be or the potential for a positive return to be less than the return an investor may require to meet their objectives.

5. Fair value is estimated using a methodology that applies real-time market data and historical relationships to determine an up-to-date value for a security.

6. Unless otherwise stated, all fees, costs and expenses in this section are based on information available at the Issue Date.

7. The Responsible Entity may negotiate rebates or waive all or part of its fees for certain wholesale clients in accordance with the Corporations Act. Please refer to 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' in section 8 'Fees and other costs'.

8. The Responsible Entity may decide to pay abnormal expenses incurred in managing the Fund out of the assets of the Fund, in addition to payment of the management fees. Please refer to 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' in section 8 'Fees and other costs' for more information.

9. The estimated transaction costs are based on actual costs for the financial year ending 30 June 2026.

10. The buy/sell spread is current as at the Issue Date and is applied to applications and withdrawals made directly with the Responsible Entity. Investors buying or selling units on the ASX may instead be subject to a bid/ask spread. Please refer to 'Buy/sell spread' in the 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' in section 8 'Fees and other costs' for more information.

2. About the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager

The Responsible Entity

The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited (**Responsible Entity**, **our**, **we** or **us**) is the responsible entity for the Fund and the issuer of this PDS. The Responsible Entity is a wholly owned subsidiary of Perpetual Limited ABN 86 000 431 827 (**Perpetual**), and a part of the Perpetual group of companies which has been in operation for over 140 years. Perpetual is an Australian public company that has been listed on the ASX for over 60 years.

The Responsible Entity holds Australian Financial Services Licence number 235150 issued by ASIC, which authorises it to operate the Fund.

The Responsible Entity is bound by the constitution of the Fund (**Constitution**) and the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (**Corporations Act**). The Responsible Entity has lodged a compliance plan with ASIC which sets out the key measures which the Responsible Entity will apply to comply with the Constitution and the Corporations Act (**Compliance Plan**).

The Investment Manager

The Responsible Entity has appointed First Sentier Investors (Australia) IM Ltd as the Investment Manager of the Fund. Under the Investment Management Agreement (**IMA**), the Investment Manager agrees to provide investment management services for the Fund in accordance with the investment strategy set out in this PDS.

About First Sentier Group

First Sentier Group is a global asset management organisation that brings together affiliate investment teams to deliver meaningful investment outcomes for our clients. First Sentier Group manages assets across global and regional equities, cash and fixed income, listed and direct infrastructure, listed property securities, and alternative credit.

First Sentier Group is home to distinct affiliate investment teams including AlbaCore Capital Group, First Sentier Investors, FSSA Investment Managers, Igneo Infrastructure Partners and RQI Investors. All investment teams operate with discrete investment autonomy, according to their investment philosophies.

First Sentier Group is owned by Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation (a wholly-owned subsidiary of MUFG) and operates as a standalone global investment management business with offices across Europe, the Americas, and Asia Pacific.

First Sentier Investors

First Sentier Investors is an active, specialist manager investing in Australian equities, global listed infrastructure, listed property securities, and regional fixed income and cash. It has been managing assets on behalf of clients for more than 30 years and is part of the First Sentier Group.

3. About the First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund

About the Fund

The Fund is structured as a unit trust that is a managed investment scheme under the Corporations Act and is registered with ASIC. When you invest in the Fund, you will be allocated a certain number of units and your money will be pooled together with other unitholders' money. This pool of money will be used to acquire investments that will be managed on behalf of all unitholders. Unitholders do not have day-to-day control over the operation of the Fund.

The Constitution allows the Responsible Entity to issue different classes of units. Different classes of units generally represent different levels of rights and interests. There is more than one class of units on issue in the Fund. This PDS relates only to the Hedged Class which is available to retail and wholesale clients either directly with the Responsible Entity or via the ASX.

Investment objective*

To deliver capital growth and inflation protected income by investing in a globally diversified portfolio of infrastructure securities. The Hedged Class aims to outperform the FTSE Global Core Infrastructure 50/50 Index, hedged to Australian dollars (Net TR) (before fees and taxes) over rolling three-year periods.

*The investment objective is not intended to be a forecast. It is merely an indication of what the Fund aims to achieve over the longer term on the assumption that equity markets remain relatively stable throughout the investment term. The Fund may not be successful in meeting this objective. Returns are not guaranteed.

Investment strategy

The Fund invests in shares of infrastructure companies from around the world. The infrastructure sector includes operating assets from the transport, utilities, energy and communications sectors. The strategy is based on active, bottom-up security selection which seeks to identify mispricing. The Fund seeks to minimise risk through on-the-ground research, focus on quality and sensible portfolio construction.

The Hedged Class uses derivatives to hedge its currency exposure to Australian dollars.

Use of derivatives

The Hedged Class uses foreign exchange derivatives, such as forward contracts, to hedge currency exposure to Australian dollars. The use of a currency hedging strategy is to mitigate the effect of exchange rate fluctuations, so the Hedged Class's performance more closely reflects the returns of the underlying investments, independent of movements in currency markets. Derivatives are not used to gain investment exposure, leverage or for speculative purposes.

4. How the Fund works

Investing in the First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF

Investors can invest in the Hedged Class by:

- applying for units directly with the Responsible Entity by completing an initial or additional application form which is available from the Registry on request (by contacting Investor Services) or via the online application process (as applicable); or
- buying units on the ASX.

To understand the differences between applying and withdrawing units directly with the Responsible Entity (via the Registry) or buying and selling units on the ASX, please refer to the table in section 5 'How to invest and withdraw from the First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF'.

Generally, for investors applying for units directly with the Responsible Entity (via the Registry), the NAV per unit is calculated each Business Day for the preceding Business Day. The NAV per unit is calculated by taking the total market value of the assets of the Hedged Class less the total value of the liabilities of the Hedged Class, divided by the total number of units on issue in the Hedged Class at the relevant valuation time.

The Responsible Entity determines the Hedged Class's NAV per unit based on the most recent valuation of assets, property and liabilities (which are determined at regular intervals appropriate to the nature of such assets, property and liabilities). The Hedged Class's NAV per unit will change as the market value of assets in the Hedged Class rises or falls.

There may be a difference between the application and withdrawal price for the Hedged Class quoted on any Business Day which is referred to as the buy/sell spread. The buy/sell spread is applied to ensure that other unitholders aren't impacted by the transaction costs associated with a particular unitholder applying or withdrawing units in the Hedged Class.[1]

The NAV per unit will be available at www.firstsentierinvestors.com.au. If any management activities cause the last reported NAV per unit to move by more than 10%, the Responsible Entity will promptly disclose this to the ASX upon notification from the Investment Manager.

The Responsible Entity has a documented unit pricing policy (**Unit Pricing and Valuation Policy**) in relation to the guidelines and relevant factors taken into account when calculating unit prices, including all transaction costs and buy/sell spread. You can obtain a copy of the Unit Pricing and Valuation Policy, and records of any exercise of such discretions under the Unit Pricing and Valuation Policy, free of charge, by contacting the Responsible Entity or the Investment Manager.

iNAV

The Responsible Entity has engaged an iNAV Provider to calculate the iNAV for the Hedged Class. The iNAV is an indicative value of the NAV per unit based on live market prices during the Business Day and, where live market prices are not available, real-time estimates of prices[2] are provided through the iNAV Provider's Real Time Fair Value Information Service. The iNAV will be published throughout the Business Day on the Investment Manager's website at www.firstsentierinvestors.com.au.

No assurance can be given that the iNAV will be published continuously or that it will be up to date or free from error. To the extent permitted by law, neither the Responsible Entity nor the iNAV Provider shall be liable to any person who relies on the iNAV. The price at which units are traded on the ASX may not reflect either the NAV per unit or the iNAV. Please refer to 'iNAV risk' in section 7 'Risks of investing in the Fund'.

Distributions

A Distribution Reinvestment Plan (**DRP**) has been established in relation to distributions for the Hedged Class. A copy of the DRP is available free of charge from the Investment Manager's website at www.firstsentierinvestors.com.au. The Responsible Entity may also in accordance with the terms of the DRP (as supplemented or amended), cancel or suspend distribution reinvestments or modify the terms by which distribution reinvestments are permitted.

The Hedged Class intends to pay distributions half-yearly. The distributions are calculated based on the Hedged Class's distributable income at the end of the distribution period and paid to unitholders in proportion to their unitholding. Regardless if you hold your units on the Issuer Sub-Register (with a Securityholder Reference Number (**SRN**)) or CHESS Sub-Register (with a Holder Identification Number (**HIN**)), your distributions will be automatically reinvested as additional units, unless you advise otherwise.

Unitholders can elect to have their distributions paid into their nominated Australian bank account at any time (by contacting Investor Services).

In the instance where distributions are reinvested and such distribution would result in a fractional unit:

- where the distribution relates to units held on the Issuer Sub-Register, you will be issued with whole and fractional units (if applicable); or
- where the distribution relates to units held on the CHESS Sub-Register, you will only be issued with whole units. In this case, the distribution will be rounded down to the nearest whole number of units and any remaining distribution will be accumulated in a distribution credit balance and carried forward to the next distribution period. For example, if:
  - Distribution credit balance (brought forward from previous period): $6
  - Distribution amount in relation to units held on the CHESS Sub-Register for the current period: $55
  - Reinvestment price per unit: $10
  - The current distribution and the distribution credit balance ($55 + $6 = $61/$10 per unit) will result in a total reinvestment of 6 new units issued to you to be held on the CHESS Sub-Register with the remaining $1 carried forward in distribution credit balance to be applied for subsequent reinvested distributions.

  You also have access to any distribution credit balance you may have in the following circumstances:
  - when you sell all of your units held on the CHESS Sub-Register on the ASX, you will be paid out in cash any distribution credit balance you may have at that time; or
  - when you Convert all of your units held on the CHESS Sub-Register to the Issuer Sub-Register, you will be paid out in cash any distribution credit balance you may have at that time.

  No interest will be payable on the distribution credit balance.

There is no buy/sell spread with reinvestment of distributions. The

1. Refer to section 8 'Fees and other costs' for the Hedged Class's buy/sell spread.
2. Fair value is estimated using a methodology that applies real-time market data and historical relationships to determine an up-to-date value for a security.

issue of units in respect of a reinvested distribution will be at a unit price excluding the most recent distribution as at the last day of the calendar month of the distribution period.

Indirect investors

The Responsible Entity authorises the use of this PDS for investors who wish to access the Hedged Class indirectly through a Service. An investment in the Hedged Class through a Service does not entitle you to a direct interest in the Hedged Class and you may be subject to different terms and conditions from those referred to in this PDS. When you invest via a Service, you are investing indirectly in the Hedged Class and as such you do not become a unitholder in the Hedged Class. The Service Operator is the unitholder and the term 'unitholder' as used in this PDS refers to those entities. Some information in this PDS may be relevant only for direct investors. If you invest via a Service, you will not receive reports or other documentation from the Responsible Entity or the Investment Manager in respect of the Hedged Class. Instead, these will be provided to you by your Service Operator, who is the unitholder in the Fund. This includes information in relation to applications/withdrawals, cooling-off periods, processing times, distributions, fees and expenses and taxation. You should contact the Service Operator for details on how to invest in or request a withdrawal from the Hedged Class.

Transferring your units

If you hold units in the Hedged Class on the Issuer Sub-Register, you can generally transfer some or all of your units to another person in such a manner and subject to such conditions as required by law or the Constitution, or that the Responsible Entity, from time to time, prescribes. The Responsible Entity is not obligated to register a transfer that does not meet these conditions.

You can sell units in the Hedged Class held on the CHESS Sub-Register on the ASX via your broker.

The Responsible Entity recommends that you obtain your own professional advice regarding your position before transferring some or all of your investment, as tax and social security laws are complex and subject to change, and unitholders' individual circumstances may vary. Please contact the Responsible Entity for further information about transferring units.

For indirect investors, you should contact your Service Operator if you wish to transfer your units.

Restrictions on withdrawals

If the Fund is not liquid under the Corporations Act, withdrawals from the Hedged Class will only be possible if the Responsible Entity makes a withdrawal offer in accordance with the Corporations Act. The Responsible Entity is not obliged to make such an offer. However, if the Responsible Entity does make such an offer, you are only able to withdraw your investment in accordance with the terms of a current withdrawal offer. If an insufficient amount of money is available from the assets specified in the withdrawal offer to satisfy withdrawal requests, the requests will be satisfied proportionately amongst those unitholders wishing to withdraw from the Hedged Class. Under the Corporations Act, the Fund is regarded as liquid if liquid assets account for at least 80% of the value of the assets of the Fund. Liquid assets generally include money in an account or on deposit with a bank, bank-accepted bills, marketable securities and property of the kind prescribed under the Corporations Act.

Where you seek to dispose of your units by selling on the ASX, you will not be able to sell if trading in the units is suspended or there are insufficient buyers and the Market Maker(s) and Authorised Participant(s) are not able to or are not obligated to buy your units.

Please refer to the 'Suspensions' section for details regarding when the Responsible Entity can suspend withdrawals.

Suspensions

The Responsible Entity may at any time suspend withdrawals or applications of units for up to 28 days where the law permits or the Responsible Entity reasonably considers that it is in the interest of the unitholders and:

- it is impracticable for the Responsible Entity to value the unit price, for example because of closure of, or trading restrictions on stock or securities exchanges, an emergency or other state of affairs, or on declaration of a moratorium in a country where the Fund invests or under the Corporations Act;
- the Responsible Entity reasonably estimates that it must sell 5% or more (by value) of all trust property to meet current unmet withdrawal requests; or
- there have been, or the Responsible Entity anticipates that there will be, withdrawal requests which will involve realising a significant amount of the Fund's assets and the Responsible Entity considers that if those requests are all met immediately, unitholders who continue to hold units in the Fund may bear a disproportionate burden of capital gains tax or other expenses, or the meeting of those withdrawal requests would otherwise be to the existing unitholders' disadvantage including (but not limited to) a material diminution in the value of the assets of the Fund.

A withdrawal request lodged during a period of suspension will be deemed to have been received immediately after the period of suspension and withdrawing unitholders will receive the next calculated unit price.

Generally, the Responsible Entity pays withdrawal proceeds to your bank account. In certain circumstances the Responsible Entity is permitted under the Constitution to pay withdrawal proceeds in kind (i.e. in specie) to unitholders.

5. How to invest and withdraw from the First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF

The Hedged Class is structured to allow investors to apply and withdraw units directly with the Responsible Entity (via the Registry), or once the units are quoted for trading on the ASX, by buying and selling units on the ASX.

The method by which you invest in the Hedged Class does not limit the method by which you can withdraw from the Hedged Class. However, you may be required to first Convert units before withdrawing or selling units (as applicable). Please refer to 'Converting your units' later in this section for more information.

The following table sets out the differences between applying and withdrawing units directly with the Responsible Entity (via the Registry) or buying and selling units via the ASX.

	Buying units on the ASX	Applying for units directly with the Responsible Entity
How do I make an investment in the Hedged Class?	You can purchase units in the Hedged Class via your broker. Only whole number of units may be purchased on the ASX (fractional units are not supported on the ASX). Your purchase of units will be settled via the CHESS settlement service, generally two Business Days following your purchase. You do not need to complete the initial application form or the online application process (as applicable).	You can invest in the Hedged Class directly by completing an initial or additional application form which is available from the Registry on request (by contacting Investor Services) or via the online application process (as applicable), providing the relevant identification documents (as required) and making payment in accordance with the payment instructions provided. The cut-off time for receipt of application requests by the Registry is 2pm on any Business Day. Requests received after the cut-off time on a Business Day will generally be treated as having been received before the cut-off time on the next Business Day. The Responsible Entity can accept or reject any application for units at its discretion and is not required to give any reason or grounds for such a refusal. The Registry will not process any application that is incomplete or that is not accompanied by the required identification documents or payment of application money. Application money will be held in a non-interest bearing bank account until invested in the Hedged Class or returned to you.
What is my purchase price when I make an investment in the Hedged Class?	Your purchase price will be the price at which you have purchased units on the ASX. Your broker will provide a transaction confirmation informing you of the purchase price. The price at which you buy units on the ASX may not reflect the NAV per unit or iNAV and is the price at which units are offered for sale on the ASX. The price may be at a premium or discount to the NAV per unit of the Hedged Class. You may incur brokerage fees and commissions when you buy units on the ASX. You should consult your broker for further information on the fees and charges that will apply.	Your purchase price will be the application price applicable for the Business Day on which your application is accepted and processed. The application price reflects the NAV per unit adjusted for the buy spread. The NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the NAV by the total number of units on issue in the Hedged Class. If the Registry receives your completed application by 2pm on a Business Day and cleared funds by the close of business on the same Business Day, if accepted, your application will be processed that Business Day, using the NAV per unit next calculated after 2pm for that applicable Business Day. Applications received after the cut-off time on a Business Day will generally be treated as having been received before the cut-off time on the next Business Day. The application price may differ from the price at which units may be purchased on the ASX. The application price may be at a premium or discount to the price at which units may be purchased on the ASX.
Is there a minimum initial application amount, minimum additional application amount or minimum number of units I need to purchase?	There is no minimum application or investment amount or minimum number of units when purchasing units on the ASX.	The minimum initial application amount is $20,000.[1] No minimum additional application amount applies. Where permitted under the terms of an Authorised Participant agreement, the Responsible Entity may apply a higher minimum initial application amount and minimum additional application amount for an Authorised Participant.

1. We may accept amounts less than the minimum at our discretion if we are satisfied the applicant otherwise qualifies to invest with us.

	Selling units on the ASX	Withdrawing units directly with the Responsible Entity
How to withdraw my investment in the Hedged Class?	You can sell units in the Hedged Class via your broker. Only whole number of units may be sold on the ASX. The sale of your units will be settled via the CHESS settlement service, generally two Business Days following the sale. You do not need to submit a withdrawal form. To sell on the ASX, you must hold your units on the CHESS Sub-Register and provide your HIN. If you do not hold your units on the CHESS Sub-Register, you can Convert your units to the CHESS Sub-Register so that you may sell those units on the ASX.	You may request to withdraw some or all of your units from the Hedged Class by submitting a withdrawal form, which is available from the Registry on request (by contacting Investor Services) and should be sent to the Registry for processing. To withdraw directly with the Responsible Entity, you must hold your units on the Issuer Sub-Register. If you do not hold your units on the Issuer Sub-Register, you can Convert your units to the Issuer Sub-Register so that you may withdraw those units directly with the Responsible Entity. The cut-off time for receipt of withdrawal requests by the Registry is 2pm on any Business Day. Requests received after the cut-off time on a Business Day will generally be treated as having been received before the cut-off time on the next Business Day. While the Fund is liquid, withdrawals from the Hedged Class will usually be paid into your nominated bank account within seven Business Days. However, the Constitution allows the Responsible Entity up to 21 days to pay withdrawal requests after the next valuation time following receipt of the withdrawal request (**Withdrawal Date**). If withdrawals are suspended or restricted, withdrawal requests may not be processed within the usual period. Any decisions whether to process withdrawals or partial withdrawals will be made in the best interests of unitholders as a whole and in accordance with the Constitution and Corporations Act. In certain circumstances set out in the Constitution, the Responsible Entity may compulsorily withdraw your units without a withdrawal request. Please refer to 'Converting your units' section below and 'Restrictions on withdrawals' and 'Suspensions' in section 4 'How the Fund works' for further information.
What is my exit price when I sell my units in the Hedged Class?	Your exit price will be the price at which you have sold your units on the ASX. Your broker will provide a transaction confirmation informing you of the exit price. The price at which you may sell units on the ASX may not reflect the NAV per unit or iNAV and is the price at which units are offered for sale on the ASX. The price may be at a premium or discount to the NAV per unit of the Hedged Class. You may incur brokerage fees and commissions when you sell units on the ASX. You should consult your broker for further information on the fees and charges that will apply.	Your exit price will be the withdrawal price applicable for the Business Day on which your withdrawal is accepted and processed. The withdrawal price reflects the NAV per unit adjusted for the sell spread. The NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the NAV by the total number of units on issue in the Hedged Class. If the Registry receives your completed withdrawal request by 2pm on a Business Day, if accepted, your withdrawal request will be processed that Business Day, using the NAV per unit next calculated after 2pm for that Business Day. Withdrawal requests received after the cut-off time on a Business Day will generally be treated as having been received before the cut-off time on the next Business Day. Generally, the Responsible Entity pays withdrawal proceeds to your nominated Australian bank account. In certain circumstances the Responsible Entity is permitted under the Constitution to pay withdrawal proceeds in kind (i.e. in specie) to unitholders. The withdrawal price may differ from the price at which units may be sold on the ASX. The withdrawal price may be at a premium or discount to the price at which units may be sold on the ASX.
Is there a minimum withdrawal amount or minimum number of units I need to withdraw?	There is no minimum withdrawal amount or minimum number of units when selling on the ASX. There is no minimum account balance.	You can withdraw all or some of your units in the Hedged Class held on the Issuer Sub-Register. No minimum withdrawal amount applies. The minimum account balance is $20,000. The Responsible Entity reserves the right to waive this requirement and allow balances below $20,000. Should the withdrawal bring your account balance below $20,000, the Responsible Entity reserves the right to facilitate a full withdrawal of your investment. Where permitted under the terms of an Authorised Participant agreement, the Responsible Entity may apply a higher minimum account balance for an Authorised Participant.

Incomplete or rejected applications

The Responsible Entity accepts no responsibility for applications that have been sent to an incorrect address or for funds that are paid to an incorrect account. You (or your Service Operator) are responsible for ensuring that the application is completed correctly and contains the correct contact details. Your application may be delayed or not processed if you:

- do not provide the information requested;
- provide incomplete or inaccurate information;
- send your application to an incorrect address;
- pay your application money to the wrong bank account; or
- pay an application amount that varies from the information provided.

The Responsible Entity will not be liable to any prospective investor for any losses incurred, including from market movements, if an application is rejected or the processing of an application is delayed.

Converting your units

You will need to contact your broker should you wish to Convert your units. You may Convert your units in the following scenarios:

- You hold units on the Issuer Sub-Register (with an SRN) and you would like to Convert some or all of your units to the CHESS Sub-Register so that you may sell them on the ASX. A HIN will be issued to identify your holding of units on the CHESS Sub-Register. You may only Convert whole units, and where you initiate a Conversion of all of your units, any fractional units remaining after the Conversion will be paid out in cash to you.
- You hold units on the CHESS Sub-Register (with a HIN) and you would like to Convert some or all of your units to the Issuer Sub-Register so that you may withdraw those units directly with the Responsible Entity. An SRN will be issued to identify your holding of units on the Issuer Sub-Register. Before the Conversion is completed, you may need to provide additional information relating to your identity to enable us to meet our AML Requirements and any other relevant requirements to hold units on the Issuer Sub-Register. If this information is not provided, future withdrawal payments may be delayed.

There should be no Australian income tax or GST implications for unitholders who Convert their units in the Hedged Class from the Issuer Sub-Register to the CHESS Sub-Register (or vice versa) where there is no change in the beneficial ownership of the units.

The Responsible Entity may in its discretion not accept or process a Conversion where it considers it to be in the best interests of investors to do so.

Where units are held through a Service, you will need to request that Service to facilitate any Conversion of your units. The ability to Convert units for investors using a Service may not be available. You should seek financial and tax advice prior to making any decision to Convert units to understand any tax implications for you in doing so.

6. Benefits of investing in the Fund

Significant features

The Fund invests in shares of listed companies from around the world that own or operate infrastructure assets. The global infrastructure sector includes operating assets from the transport, utilities, energy and communications sectors. The Fund is actively managed and uses an investment process which balances value and quality.

Significant benefits

Investing in the Fund offers investors exposure to:

- companies that provide essential services to modern society, making them less sensitive to the economic cycle;
- potential investment growth, being driven by long term themes such as the build-out of renewable energy; the need to ease urban congestion; and increasing reliance on mobile data digitalisation;
- expertise of a highly experienced investment team of infrastructure specialists; and
- a diversified and liquid way of accessing the infrastructure asset class.

7. Risks of investing in the Fund

Risk level

The Fund is assigned a risk level which aims to assist investors to compare funds in the context of the likely number of negative annual returns expected over any 20 year period. This measure, known as Standard Risk Measure (**SRM**), is based on Australian Prudential Regulation Authority guidance and the Standard Risk Measure Guidance Paper For Trustees, issued July 2011 by the Financial Services Council and The Association of Superannuation Funds of Australia. The table below outlines the different levels of risk as defined by the SRM. The risk level is not a complete assessment of all forms of investment risks, for instance it does not detail what the size of a negative return could be or the potential for a positive return to be less than the return an investor may require to meet their objectives. Further, it does not take into account the impact of fees and tax on the likelihood of a negative return.

Investors should ensure that they are comfortable with the risks and potential losses associated with the Fund. The SRM for the Fund is 5.

Risk band	Risk label	Estimated number of negative annual returns over any 20 year period
1	Very low	Less than 0.5
2	Low	0.5 to less than 1
3	Low to medium	1 to less than 2
4	Medium	2 to less than 3
5	Medium to high	3 to less than 4
6	High	4 to less than 6
7	Very high	6 or greater

Risks of the Fund

All investments are subject to risk. There may be loss of principal, capital or earnings and different strategies carry different levels of risk depending on the assets that make up the strategy. Assets with the highest long-term returns may also carry the highest level of short-term risk generally due to their large fluctuations in returns. Selecting the investments that best match your investment needs and timeframe is crucial in managing this risk.

When considering your investment decision, it is important that you understand the risks that can affect the value of your investment. The value of your investment will vary. The level of returns will vary and future returns may differ from past returns. Returns are not guaranteed. You may receive back less than your original investment when you withdraw from the Fund or you may not receive income from the Fund during a specific period. There is also a risk that laws affecting managed investment schemes may change in the future. The appropriate level of risk for you will vary, depending on a range of factors, including your age, investment timeframes, other investments and risk tolerance levels. Your financial adviser can help you determine whether the Fund is an appropriate investment based on the above factors. The Responsible Entity has set out below a list of significant risks that may affect your investment in the Fund as well as general risks that apply to an investment in a managed investment scheme. It is not always possible to completely eliminate these risks, however it is possible to manage their impact on the Fund through prudent monitoring of the factors giving rise to these risks.

These risks are not exhaustive and there could be other risks that may adversely affect the Fund.

Risk of the Fund	
ASX suspension risk	Investors will not be able to buy and sell units on the ASX during any period that the ASX suspends trading of units in the Hedged Class or if trading is halted by the Responsible Entity because of market conditions or for other reasons such as a failure by the Market Maker to make a market.
ASX trading price risk	The price at which investors may buy and sell units on the ASX may differ materially from the NAV per unit or the iNAV for the Hedged Class.
Company risk	An investment in equities or corporate bonds (if applicable) is exposed to risks due to changes in that company or its business environment. Changes to operations and/or management, legal proceedings involving the company, and profit and loss announcements may affect the value of the Fund's security/bond holdings and subsequently the value of the Fund.
Concentration risk	The Fund invests in a limited number of securities, making the value of the Fund's investments more sensitive to adverse events affecting a particular issuer, industry, or sector than a more diversified fund. As a result, the Fund may be subject to higher volatility in returns.
Conversion risk	There may be a delay in processing the Conversion of units between the Issuer Sub-Register and the CHESS Sub-Register, and vice versa. This may delay the processing of a withdrawal request made directly with the Responsible Entity for units or the sale of units on the ASX, until the Conversion has completed.
Counterparty risk	Risk that counterparties, such as brokers, fail to meet their contractual obligations which may result in the investment activities of the Fund being adversely affected.
Currency risk	For investments in international assets, which have currency exposure, there is potential for adverse movements in exchange rates to reduce their Australian dollar value. For example, if the Australian dollar rises, the value of international investments expressed in Australian dollars can fall.
Cyber risk	This risk relates to the potential impact of uncertainty on information and technology, particularly the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability of information and systems. It may affect the Responsible Entity or other service providers' operations, potentially causing financial loss, data breach, fraud, operational disruption, or damage to the information of the Fund or to investors' personal information.
Derivatives risk	Derivatives are contracts that usually derive their value by reference to the price of an underlying asset or market index. Risks associated with the use of derivatives include that the value of a derivative may fall as a result of an adverse movement in the underlying asset or index, the Hedged Class not being able to meet payment obligations as they arise and, where the derivative is traded over the counter, the risk that the other party with whom the derivative contract is held will fail to perform its contractual obligations.
Emerging markets risk	Investing in emerging markets may involve a higher risk than investing in more developed markets. Emerging market securities may present market, credit, currency, liquidity, legal, political and other risks different from, and potentially greater than, the risks of investing in developed markets. As a result, investment returns from emerging market securities may be more volatile than those from developed markets. This means that there may be a large movement in the unit price over short or long periods of time.
Equities risk	Equity securities are subject to changes in value, and their values may be more volatile than those of other asset classes.
ESG risk	The realisation of any applicable environmental, social and governance (**ESG**) related commitments and targets (if any) that are incorporated into the investment process of the Fund is dependent on the accuracy of information provided by portfolio entities and their future actions (for which the relevant portfolio entity is responsible and accountable), and which is subject to change or may otherwise be inaccurate. Accordingly, there is a risk that portfolio entities do not achieve their stated ESG objectives which in turn may affect the realisation of any applicable ESG-related commitments and targets that are incorporated in the investment process of the Fund (if any).

Risk of the Fund	
Foreign investment risk	Investments in international assets may involve certain risks arising from differences between countries in relation to accounting, financial reporting, taxation, legal, regulatory, currency, pricing and liquidity requirements and trading and settlement procedures. The countries to which the Fund is exposed may be subject to considerable degrees of economic, political and social instability, which may reduce or preclude the ability to trade, restrict currency repatriation, or negatively affect an asset's value.
Fund risk	Fund risk refers to specific risks associated with the Fund and includes: – changes to the investment team, which may affect the Fund's future performance; – the termination of the Fund; – the possibility of different outcomes when investing in the Fund rather than investing directly in the assets of the Fund; – the risk that costs of your investment may increase due to an increase of fees and costs in the Fund; – the risk that, where multiple classes of units are on issue, the assets of each class are not legally segregated and may be used to meet the liabilities of another class, potentially affecting investors in that class; and – closing the Fund to further investments if, for example, the Responsible Entity considers it appropriate given the investment objective and investment strategy of the Fund. As a result of these risks, the value of the investment in the Fund and level of distributions may change.
iNAV risk	The iNAV published for the Hedged Class is indicative only and might not be up to date, may incorporate securities for which there are no live prices at the time of calculation, or might not accurately reflect the underlying value of the assets of the Hedged Class. The iNAV may differ from the ASX trading price.
Interest rate risk	Risk that the investment value or future returns of an asset of the Fund may be adversely impacted either directly or indirectly by changes in interest rates.
Investment sanctions risk	Regulations, restrictions and sanctions may be imposed by governments or international bodies (such as the United Nations) which may impact investments held by the Fund. Sanctions may result in: – limits on the amount and type of assets that may be purchased by the Fund; – restrictions to the sale and timing of sanctioned assets or devaluation of such assets within the Fund; – refusal of sanctioned persons purchasing assets; and/or – unitholders in the Fund who become sanctioned being restricted from trading in units in the Fund.
Liquidity risk	Liquidity risk refers to the difficulty in selling an asset for cash quickly without an adverse impact on the price received. Assets such as securities in large listed companies are generally considered liquid, while 'real' assets such as direct property and infrastructure are generally considered illiquid. Under abnormal or difficult market conditions some normally liquid assets may become illiquid, restricting the Investment Manager's ability to sell them and to make withdrawal payments or process switches (if applicable) for unitholders without a potentially significant delay.
Market risk	Investment returns are influenced by the performance of the markets as a whole. Certain events may have a negative effect on the price of all types of investments within a particular market. These events may include changes in economic, social, technological or political conditions, as well as market sentiment, the causes of which may include changes in governments or government policies, political unrest, wars, terrorism, pandemics and natural, nuclear and environmental disasters. The duration and potential impacts of such events can be highly unpredictable, which may give rise to increased and/or prolonged market volatility.
Market Maker and Authorised Participant risk	The Responsible Entity has an obligation to facilitate an orderly and liquid market in units of the Hedged Class on the ASX and has appointed at least one Market Maker and at least one Authorised Participant to assist it in doing so. While the Responsible Entity will monitor the Market Maker's compliance with the requirements under the ASX Operating Rules to place buy and sell orders for units in the Hedged Class, there is no guarantee of liquidity in the trading of units, particularly if there is a failure by a Market Maker to make a market and there is no active trading by Authorised Participants. There may be circumstances where a Market Maker is unable to fulfill its market making obligations. Under the ASX Operating Rules, market making operations may be suspended (these are called "Permitted Circumstances"), including if the Market Maker's normal operating environment has been interrupted so that it is prevented from placing orders. Other circumstances where a Market Maker might be unable to fulfil its market making obligations include where the Market Maker is subject to a particular regulatory requirement or if such market making obligations would cause the Market Maker to breach applicable laws or other regulatory rules. There may be a limited number of intermediaries that act as Market Makers and Authorised Participants in respect of the Hedged Class and there is no obligation on an Authorised Participant to place buy and sell orders to support market making activities. To the extent that Market Makers and/or Authorised Participants appointed by the Responsible Entity exit the business or are unable to or choose not to proceed with buy and/or sell orders with respect to the Hedged Class and no other market participant creates buy and/or sell orders, units may trade at a discount to the NAV and possibly face trading halts and/or cease to be quoted for trading on the ASX.
Material Portfolio Information (MPI) risk	There is a risk that trading prices determined using the MPI disclosure model during the Business Day will not accurately represent the value of the units. This risk could arise due to, for example, market volatility or stale prices in the underlying assets. Investors must rely on the expertise of the Responsible Entity, the Investment Manager and the Market Maker(s) to determine a proxy basket and bid/ask prices that will track all material price movements of the portfolio.
Operational risk	The risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events. Adverse impacts may arise internally through human error, technology or infrastructure changes, or through external events such as third party failures or crisis events.

Regulatory and tax risk	Governments or regulators may pass laws, make changes to taxation laws, create policy or implement an existing policy that may affect the Fund as a whole or individual securities or the Investment Manager's ability to execute strategies. This may affect either a particular transaction or market, and may be either country specific or global. Such changes may result in the Fund failing to achieve its investment objectives.
Removal from quotation or termination risk	The AQUA Rules impose certain requirements for the continued quotation of securities, such as the units, on the ASX. Investors cannot be assured that the Hedged Class will continue to meet the requirements necessary to maintain quotation on the ASX. In addition, the ASX may change the quotation requirements.
Securities and investment-specific risk	Within each asset class and the Fund, individual securities can be affected by risks that are specific to that investment or that security. For example, the value of a company's shares can be influenced by changes in company management, its business environment or profitability.

8. Fees and other costs

DID YOU KNOW?
Small differences in both investment performance and fees and costs can have a substantial impact on your long-term returns. For example, total annual fees and costs of 2% of your account balance rather than 1% could reduce your final return by up to 20% over a 30-year period (for example, reduce it from $100,000 to $80,000). You should consider whether features such as superior investment performance or the provision of better member services justify higher fees and costs. You may be able to negotiate to pay lower fees. Ask the fund or your financial adviser.
TO FIND OUT MORE
If you would like to find out more, or see the impact of the fees based on your own circumstances, the **Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC)** Moneysmart website (www.moneysmart.gov.au) has a managed funds fee calculator to help you check out different fee options.

This section shows fees and other costs that you may be charged. These fees and costs may be deducted from your money, from the returns on your investment or from the assets of the managed investment scheme as a whole. Taxes are set out in another part of this document. You should read all the information about fees and costs because it is important to understand their impact on your investment. Unless otherwise stated, all fees and costs are quoted inclusive of goods and services tax (**GST**) and net of any input tax credits (**ITCs**) or reduced input tax credits (**RITCs**) as applicable.

Warning: Additional fees may be charged if you're investing in the Hedged Class via a Service or if you consult a financial adviser. Please refer to your Service Operator's disclosure document or statement of advice from your financial adviser in which details of the fees are set out.

Fees and costs summary

First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF		
Type of fee or cost	**Amount**	**How and when paid**
Ongoing annual fees and costs*[1]		
Management fees and costs The fees and costs for managing your investment	0.95% p.a. of the NAV of the Hedged Class, comprised of: 1. Management fee: 0.95% p.a.[2] of the NAV of the Hedged Class; 2. Recoverable expenses: 0.00% p.a.[3] of the NAV of the Hedged Class; and 3. Indirect costs: 0.00% p.a. of the NAV of the Hedged Class.	1. The management fee is deducted from the assets of the Hedged Class and is calculated and accrued daily, reflected in the unit price and payable monthly in arrears. 2. Recoverable expenses incurred in managing the Hedged Class will generally be paid out of the management fee. If the expenses are recovered, they will be deducted from the Hedged Class's assets when incurred. 3. Any indirect costs are deducted from the value of the assets of the Hedged Class as and when incurred and are reflected in the ongoing unit price.
Performance fees Amounts deducted from your investment in relation to the performance of the Fund	NIL	Not applicable
Transaction costs[4] The costs incurred by the scheme when buying or selling assets	Estimated to be 0.05% p.a. of the NAV of the Hedged Class	The transaction costs are deducted from the assets of the Fund attributable to the Hedged Class as and when incurred. They are disclosed net of the amounts recovered by the buy/sell spread.
Member activity related fees and costs (fees for services or when your money moves in or out of the scheme)		
Establishment fee The fee to open your investment	NIL	Not applicable
Contribution fee The fee on each amount contributed to your investment	NIL	Not applicable
Buy-sell spread An amount deducted from your investment representing costs incurred in transactions by the	+0.10%/-0.10%[5]	The buy/sell spread may be applied when applying and withdrawing from the Hedged Class and is reflected in the Hedged Class's application and withdrawal unit price.

First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF		
Type of fee or cost	**Amount**	**How and when paid**
Ongoing annual fees and costs*[1]		
scheme		
Withdrawal fee The fee on each amount you take out of your investment	NIL	Not applicable
Exit fee The fee to close your investment	NIL	Not applicable
Switching fee The fee for changing investment options	NIL	Not applicable

*Certain additional costs may apply. See 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' for more information.

1. Unless otherwise stated, all fees, costs and expenses in this section are based on information available as at the Issue Date.

2. The Responsible Entity may negotiate rebates or waive all or part of its fees for certain wholesale clients in accordance with the Corporations Act. Please refer to 'Negotiable fees' in the 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' below.

3. The Responsible Entity may decide to pay abnormal expenses incurred in managing the Fund out of the assets of the Fund, in addition to payment of the management fees. Please refer to 'Recoverable expenses' in the 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' below.

4. The estimated transaction costs are based on actual costs for the financial year ending 30 June 2026.

5. The buy/sell spread is current as at the Issue Date and is applied to applications and withdrawals directly with the Responsible Entity. Investors buying or selling units on the ASX may instead be subject to a bid/ask spread. Please refer to 'Buy/sell spread' in the 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' below.

Example of annual fees and costs for the Hedged Class

This table gives an example of how the ongoing annual fees and costs in the Hedged Class can affect your investment over a 1-year period. You should use this table to compare this Hedged Class with other products offered by managed investment schemes.

EXAMPLE - First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF		**Balance of $50,000 with a contribution of $5,000 during the year*[1]**
Contribution fees	NIL	For every additional $5,000 you put in, you will be charged **$0**
PLUS Management fees and costs	0.95% p.a.	**And,** for every $50,000 you have in the Hedged Class, you will be charged or have deducted from your investment **$475.00** each year
PLUS Performance fees	NIL	**And**, you will be charged or have deducted from your investment **$0** in performance fees each year
PLUS Transaction costs	0.05% p.a.	**And**, you will be charged or have deducted from your investment **$25.00** in transaction costs
EQUALS Cost of First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF		If you had an investment of $50,000 at the beginning of the year and you put in an additional $5,000 during that year, you would be charged fees and costs of $500.00. **What it costs you will depend on the investment option you choose and the fees you negotiate.[2]**

*Additional fees may apply if you're investing in the Hedged Class via a Service or if you consult a financial adviser. Please refer to 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' below for more information on the maximum management fees the Responsible Entity may charge.

1. The example above is illustrative only and assumes the additional $5,000 is invested at the end of the year and the value of the investment is constant over the year. Therefore, the management fees and costs are calculated using the $50,000 balance only. Additional fees may be charged if you're investing in the Hedged Class via a Service or if you consult a financial adviser. The buy spread charged on the additional $5,000 is not included in the example above. Where permitted under the terms of an Authorised Participant agreement, we may apply a higher minimum initial application amount and minimum additional application amount for an Authorised Participant.

2. The Responsible Entity may negotiate rebates or waive all or part of its fees for certain wholesale clients in accordance with the Corporations Act. Please refer to 'Negotiable fees' in the 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' below.

Additional explanation of fees and costs

This section provides additional information about the fees and costs that you may be charged. The fees and costs may be deducted from your money, from the returns on your investment or from the assets of the Fund attributable to the Hedged Class.

You should read all the information about fees and costs because it is important to understand their impact on your investment.

Ongoing annual fees and costs

The ongoing annual fees and costs for the Hedged Class are comprised of:

- management fees and costs (including estimated recoverable expenses and estimated indirect costs); and
- transaction costs.

The amounts shown in the 'Fees and costs summary' are current as at the Issue Date of this PDS.

Management fees and costs

Management fees and costs are comprised of a management fee, any recoverable expenses and indirect costs that you incur by investing in the Hedged Class but excludes transaction costs and government charges.

Management fee

The Responsible Entity receives a fee for management of the assets in the Fund and overseeing the day-to-day administration and operations of the Fund. Any fees charged by the Investment Manager, Registry, ETF Registry, iNAV Provider, Administrator and Market Maker(s) will be paid by the Responsible Entity out of its management fee and will not be an extra cost to you or the Hedged Class. The management fee is paid to the Responsible Entity monthly in accordance with the Constitution.

Recoverable expenses

The Responsible Entity is entitled to be paid or reimbursed from the assets of the Hedged Class for any expenses that it incurs in relation to the proper performance of its duties relating to the administration or management of the Hedged Class.

Recoverable expenses may include abnormal operating expenses and normal operating expenses.

As at the Issue Date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity pays any recoverable expenses out of the management fee. However, if we decide to deduct expenses in addition to the management fee in the future, we will give you 30 days' prior written notice.

Abnormal operating expenses

Abnormal costs are due to abnormal events such as unitholder meetings, changes to the Constitution or defending or pursuing legal proceedings. Where such events do occur, the Responsible Entity may at its discretion determine to recover these expenses from the Fund. If the expenses are recovered, they will be paid from the assets of the Fund attributable to the Hedged Class when the expenses are incurred.

Normal operating expenses

Normal operating expenses are those costs that are incurred in the day-to-day administration of the Fund and include (but are not limited to), fees and expenses in connection with the marketing, administration and management of the Fund and its assets, costs of preparing and distributing reports and distribution statements to unitholders, ASIC and ASX fees and costs incurred in connection with the Hedged Class, and other costs associated with service providers providing administration (including iNAV), custody and market making services. The Constitution does not place any limit on the amount of expenses incurred in relation to the proper performance of the Responsible Entity's duties. As at the Issue Date of this PDS, normal operating expenses incurred in managing the Hedged Class will be paid by the Responsible Entity out of the management fee of the Hedged Class.

Indirect costs

Indirect costs include any amount not charged as a fee that the Responsible Entity knows, or may reasonably estimate, has reduced or will reduce (directly or indirectly) the income of or property of the Fund, or the amount or value of the income of, or property attributable to the Fund, or an underlying fund in which the Fund invests. They do not include transaction costs.

Transaction costs

Transaction costs are generally incurred when the assets in the Fund are changed or the Fund experiences cash flow into or out of the Fund and are not included in the management fees and costs. The transaction costs shown in the 'Fees and costs summary' are net of any amount recovered by the buy/sell spread that is charged by the Responsible Entity.

They include costs such as brokerage, exchange fees, clearing costs, the costs of the Hedged Class acquiring derivatives used for hedging purposes that are not traded or listed on a recognised exchange, any applicable stamp duty and other government taxes. Transaction costs are paid out of the assets of the Fund as and when incurred and are an additional cost to unitholders to the extent not recovered through the buy/sell spread.

Transaction costs for the Fund may vary every year and will be impacted by the volume of trading, brokerage arrangements and other factors.

The estimated total transaction costs and the estimated net transaction costs for the current financial year for the Hedged Class will be:

Estimated total transaction costs p.a. of the NAV of the Hedged Class[1]	Estimated recovery amount p.a. of the NAV of the Hedged Class[1]	Estimated net transaction costs p.a. of the NAV of the Hedged Class[1]
0.10%	0.05%	0.05%

1. The estimated transaction costs are based on actual costs for the financial year ending 30 June 2026.

Buy/sell spread

A buy/sell spread will generally be applied to applications and withdrawals and reflected in the Hedged Class's application and withdrawal unit price. This aims to ensure that other unitholders aren't impacted by the transaction costs associated with a particular unitholder buying or selling units in the Fund.

The Responsible Entity has the discretion to waive the buy/sell spread on applications or withdrawals where no transaction costs are incurred.

The buy/sell spread will impact the return on your investment and is an additional cost to you. However, as it is built into the Hedged Class's unit price, it won't be recorded separately on investor statements. There is no buy/sell spread applied to the reinvestment of distributions. The buy/sell spread is not paid to the Responsible Entity as it is retained in the Fund to offset the actual expenses incurred in the buying or selling of assets. The Responsible Entity may vary the buy/sell spread from time to time and prior notice will not normally be provided to you.

Estimated transaction costs, which are used to determine the

buy/sell spreads, are reviewed regularly. The buy/sell spreads are current as at the Issue Date of this PDS, however they may increase or decrease during the life of this PDS. Any updates from time to time will be available on the Investment Manager's website at www.firstsentierinvestors.com.au.

Bid/ask spread

For an investor that buys or sells units on the ASX, the price at which they transact may vary from the prevailing NAV per unit. The prices on the ASX are determined in the secondary market by market participants who set their own prices at which they wish to buy or sell units in the Hedged Class. The cost of the bid/ask spread on the ASX may be different to the cost of the buy/sell spread for investors who apply or withdraw directly with the Responsible Entity.

Market Maker fees

The Responsible Entity has appointed a Market Maker(s) to provide market making activities by placing buy and sell orders for units on the ASX and also to provide liquidity to investors on the ASX by acting as a buyer and seller of units on the ASX. The Market Maker(s)charges a fee as a result of these activities. This fee will be paid by the Responsible Entity out of the management fee of the Hedged Class.

Market Makers and Authorised Participants will generally retain for their own account any trading profit or bear any loss generated by the market making and trading activities (as applicable).

Broker fees

Investors will likely incur customary brokerage fees or commissions when buying and selling units on the ASX. Investors should consult their broker for more information in relation to their fees and charges.

Negotiable fees

The law allows us to negotiate, rebate or waive all or part of the management fees with 'wholesale clients' (as defined by the Corporations Act). We generally do not negotiate fees. However, the Responsible Entity may negotiate investment management and/or performance fees (if applicable) with wholesale clients on a case-by-case basis. The Responsible Entity does not negotiate fees with retail investors or individual platform investors. Please contact Investor Services on 1300 553 490 for more information.

Maximum fees and charges

The maximum fees for the Fund under the Constitution are set out in the table below.

Maximum Management Fee (% p.a.) of gross asset value of the Fund[1]
3.00%

1. Exclusive of GST and any ITCs or RITCs.

Increases or alterations to fees and costs

The Responsible Entity has the right to increase its management fee as shown in the 'Fees and other costs' section of this PDS, up to the limit set out in the Constitution, without your consent where the Responsible Entity has given you or your Service Operator (if applicable) at least 30 days' prior written notice.

Distribution fees

Subject to law, the Responsible Entity or Investment Manager may make non-volume based product access payments to Service Operators who distribute the Fund on their investment menu. Where allowable by law, the Investment Manager may also make payments to Service Operators and dealer groups for their marketing support. If these payments are made, they are made by the Investment Manager out of its own resources and they are not an additional cost to you or the Fund.

Taxation

Investing in the Hedged Class is likely to have tax consequences and you are strongly advised to seek your own independent professional tax advice tailored to your personal circumstances concerning the making, holding or disposing of an investment in the Hedged Class and any withdrawal from the Hedged Class.

Please refer to section 10 'Taxation' for more information in relation to tax.

9. About the AQUA Rules and the differences to the ASX Listing Rules

As at the Issue Date, an application has been made to the ASX for units in the Hedged Class to be quoted for trading on the ASX under the AQUA Rules. If the application is approved by the ASX, units in the Hedged Class will be able to be traded on the ASX under the AQUA Rules.

The Hedged Class will not be listed under the ASX Listing Rules. The AQUA Rules form part of the ASX Operating Rules, which are accessible at www.asx.com.au.

The AQUA Rules provide a tailored framework for the quotation of exchange-traded funds on the ASX. In operational terms, the market for exchange-traded funds quoted under the AQUA Rules operates in the same way it does for listed equities, with continuous matching of bids and offers and an opening and closing auction.

The following table sets out the key regulatory differences between the ASX Listing Rules and the AQUA Rules.

Requirement	ASX Listing Rules	AQUA Rules
Continuous disclosure	Issuers are subject to continuous disclosure requirements under ASX Listing Rule 3.1 and section 674 of the Corporations Act.	Issuers of products quoted under the AQUA Rules are not subject to the continuous disclosure requirements in ASX Listing Rule 3.1 and section 674 of the Corporations Act. The Responsible Entity will comply with the disclosure requirements in section 675 of the Corporations Act. This means that the Responsible Entity will disclose to ASIC information which is not generally available and that a reasonable person would expect, if the information were generally available, to have a material effect on the price or value of the units, provided that such information has not already been included in this PDS (as supplemented or amended). Such information will be published on the ASX announcements platform and the Investment Manager's website at www.firstsentierinvestors.com.au at the same time as it is disclosed to ASIC (if required). Under the AQUA Rules 10A.4.1, the Responsible Entity must disclose: – information about the NAV of the Hedged Class daily; – information about distributions paid in relation to the Hedged Class as soon as possible after being declared or paid (whichever is earlier) and any distribution statements or distribution information made available or provided to investors; – information about the number of units in the Hedged Class on issue at the end of each month (within five Business Days of the end of the month); – information about the number of units issued and total value of issued units during the month (within five Business Days of the end of each month); – information about the number of units redeemed and total value of redemptions from the Hedged Class during the month (within five Business Days of the end of each month); – the difference between the number of units issued and redeemed during the month and the difference between the value of units issued and redeemed during the month; – any other information which is required to be disclosed to ASIC under section 675 of the Corporations Act; – any other information that would be required to be disclosed to the ASX under section 323DA of the Corporations Act if the units were admitted under the ASX Listing Rules; and – any other information that is required to be disclosed or made available to investors generally, or prospective investors, in the Hedged Class under the Corporations Act or otherwise. In addition, under the AQUA Rules, the Responsible Entity must immediately notify the ASX of any information the non-disclosure of which may lead to the establishment of a false market in the Hedged Class or which would be likely to materially affect the price of the units.
Periodic disclosure	Issuers are required to disclose half-yearly and annual financial information and reports to the ASX announcements platform.	Issuers of products quoted under the AQUA Rules are not required to disclose half-yearly or annual financial information or reports relating to itself to the ASX announcement platform. However, the Responsible Entity will disclose financial information and reports in respect of the Fund to the ASX announcements platform at the same time such financial information and reports are lodged with ASIC under Chapter 2M of the Corporations Act.
Corporate governance	Listed companies and listed managed investment schemes are subject to notification requirements under the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules relating to takeover bids, buy-backs, change of capital, new issues, restricted securities, disclosure of directors' interests and substantial shareholdings.	Although the units of the Hedged Class are quoted under the AQUA Rules, the Fund itself is not listed and therefore not subject to certain corporate governance requirements that apply to listed managed investment scheme. While Perpetual Limited (which is the parent company of the Responsible Entity) is listed on the ASX, the Responsible Entity is not and is similarly not subject to those requirements. The Responsible Entity will be required to comply with the related party requirements in Part 5C.7 and Chapter 2E of the Corporations Act and section 601FM of the Corporations Act including that the Responsible Entity may be removed by an extraordinary resolution of members, on which the Responsible Entity would not be entitled to vote.
Related party transactions	Chapter 10 of the ASX Listing Rules relates to transactions between an entity and a person in a	Chapter 10 of the ASX Listing Rules does not apply to products quoted under the AQUA Rules.

Requirement	ASX Listing Rules	AQUA Rules
	position to influence the entity and sets out controls over related party transactions.	The Responsible Entity will still be required to comply with the related party requirements in Part 5C.7 and Chapter 2E of the Corporations Act.
Auditor rotation obligations	Division 5 of Part 2M.4 of the Corporations Act imposes specific rotation obligations on auditors of listed companies and listed managed investment schemes.	Issuers of products quoted under the AQUA Rules are not subject to the auditor rotation requirements in Division 5 of Part 2M.4 of the Corporations Act. An auditor is appointed by the Responsible Entity to audit the financial statements and compliance plan of the Fund.
Spread requirements	There are requirements under the ASX Listing Rules that issuers satisfy certain minimum spread requirements (i.e. a minimum number of holders each having a minimum parcel size).	These requirements do not apply to products under the AQUA Rules. Under the AQUA Rules, unless the ASX determines otherwise, an issuer must ensure a reasonable bid and volume is maintained for the product on the ASX except in permitted circumstances, or have in place other arrangements which meets ASX requirements for providing liquidity, generally through the appointment of a market maker.

About CHESS

The Responsible Entity participates in the Clearing House Electronic Sub-Register System (**CHESS**). CHESS is a fast and economical clearing and settlement facility which also provides an electronic sub-register service. The ETF Registry has established and will maintain an electronic sub-register with CHESS on behalf of the Responsible Entity.

When you purchase units on the ASX, you will receive a holding statement which will set out the number of units you hold. The holding statement will specify the HIN allocated by CHESS.

10. Taxation

The purpose of this summary is to explain, in general terms, some of the Australian tax consequences of investing in the Hedged Class. It does not provide a comprehensive guide to the tax consequences associated with making, holding or disposing of an investment in the Hedged Class, and does not consider the specific circumstances of a unitholder that may invest in the Hedged Class. This section should not be used as the basis upon which a potential investor decides whether or not to invest in the Hedged Class.

The taxation implications of investing in the Hedged Class are particular to a unitholder's circumstances. A prospective investor should seek professional taxation advice before investing, or dealing with their investment, in the Hedged Class. Nothing contained in this PDS should be construed as the giving of, or be relied upon, as tax advice.

Unless otherwise specified, this summary assumes the unitholder holds units in the Hedged Class directly and on 'capital' account. It also assumes the unitholder is at all times throughout their ownership of a unit a resident of Australia for Australian income tax purposes (**Australian Unitholders**). It does not generally deal with particular types of unitholders in the Hedged Class, including those who hold their units as trading stock or otherwise as part of a trade or profit making undertaking or scheme (i.e. on 'revenue' account), those whose units are held subject to the Australian taxation of financial arrangements regime or other special regimes for particular types of entities, those who hold their units through a Service or (unless otherwise specified) those who are non-Australian Unitholders or temporary residents for some or all of the period of ownership.

GST

No GST should be payable in relation to the acquisition, disposal, withdrawal or transfer of units in the Hedged Class, nor any distributions made in respect of the units held by a unitholder in the Hedged Class.

However, GST will likely apply to fees and any reimbursement of costs charged to the Fund. Where the Fund is registered for GST, it should be entitled to claim ITCs or RITCs (being 55% or 75% of the GST paid) depending on the type of fee or cost.

Unless otherwise stated, all fees and costs are quoted inclusive of GST and net of any ITCs or RITCs as applicable.

Attribution Managed Investment Trusts (AMIT)

The AMIT regime, in broad terms, applies to a Managed Investment Trust (**MIT**) whose unitholders have clearly defined interests in relation to the income and capital of the MIT and the trustee or responsible entity of the MIT has made an irrevocable election to apply the regime.

The Responsible Entity intends to or has already made the election for the Fund to operate as an AMIT.

The AMIT rules contain several provisions that will impact on the taxation treatment of the Fund. The key features include:

- an attribution model for determining member tax liabilities, which also allows amounts to retain their tax character as they flow through a MIT to its unitholders. Australian Unitholders, would therefore be taxed on the tax components of the Fund that are attributed to them on a 'fair and reasonable' basis each income year. Non-Australian Unitholders may have tax withheld from distributions by the Responsible Entity of the Fund. The rate of withholding will depend on the type of income distributed or attributed and the country of residence of a unitholder;
- the ability to carry forward certain understatements and overstatements of taxable income and adjust them in later income years, instead of re-issuing investor statements;
- deemed fixed trust treatment under the income tax law;
- certain downwards and upwards cost base adjustments to units;
- a choice is available to treat individual classes of units (as relevant) as separate AMITs. The Responsible Entity has not made this choice as at the Issue Date, but the Responsible Entity may determine to make this choice in the future subject to eligibility; and
- legislative certainty about the treatment of tax deferred distributions.

Taxation of the Fund

We intend to manage the Fund so that the Responsible Entity of the Fund will not be subject to Australian income tax on the net taxable income of the Fund (other than in relation to withholding tax on foreign income or other taxes in respect of non-Australian Unitholders) as we intend that:

- when the Fund is an AMIT: all taxable income of the Fund will be 'attributed' to unitholders on a 'fair and reasonable' basis in each income year and will be reflected in the AMMA Statement provided to unitholders; and
- when the Fund is not an AMIT: unitholders will continue to be presently entitled to all the income of the Fund in each income year and a unitholder's share of the net taxable income of the Fund will be reflected in the tax statement provided to the unitholders.

Whilst the Fund is a MIT (including an AMIT), this is subject to the potential application of the MIT non-arm's length income rules discussed in the 'Investments held by the Fund' section below.

Investments held by the Fund

Where the Fund is a MIT, in the first income year the Responsible Entity may make an irrevocable election for the disposal or realisation of certain 'covered' assets (including shares, units and rights and options in respect of shares or units) to be dealt with solely under the Australian capital gains tax (**CGT**) regime. The Responsible Entity intends to or has already made such election in respect of the Fund, which will apply for each income year unless the Fund ceases to satisfy the eligibility criteria to be a MIT for that income year. For any income year where the eligibility criteria are not satisfied, the Australian taxation treatment of the disposal or realisation of such covered assets will be determined under ordinary principles. The election also does not apply for the disposal or realisation of any other assets (including interests in debt or arrangements subject to the taxation of financial arrangement rules).

In addition, where the Fund is a MIT for an income year, the Australian Commissioner of Taxation may determine that any non-arm's length income received in that income year is subject to special rules. Whilst these rules are not expected to apply, if they do the Responsible Entity may be subject to income tax on such income at the corporate tax rate (currently 30%).

Where the Fund disposes or realises an asset that it has held for a continuous period of at least 12 months (excluding the day of acquisition and disposal), then depending on when the Fund acquired and disposes of or realises the asset and subject to special rules applicable to certain types of assets (which are unlikely to be relevant to the Fund), the Fund may be eligible for a 50% CGT discount to reduce that portion of any capital gain attributable to the period prior to 1 July 2027, and/or from 1 July 2027 the Fund may be eligible to adjust most elements of the cost base of the asset by indexation (other than the third element relating to the costs of owning the unit) in calculating any capital gain (but not any capital loss). To the extent an asset acquired before 1 July 2027 is disposed of or realised after 1 July 2027, the portion of the capital gain relating to the periods prior to and on or after 1 July 2027 will be determined using an approved method under the CGT rules The application of these rules is complex and relevant details of the capital gains made by the Fund referable to different periods will be set out in an AMMA Statement or tax statement provided to Unitholders.

Neither the CGT discount nor any cost base indexation applies to revenue gains. The Australian Government has also announced further legislative changes to Australia's CGT regime which have not yet been enacted. You should seek professional taxation advice on the implications of the CGT rules and any potential changes to your personal circumstances.

Where the Fund makes a revenue or net capital loss, it cannot distribute or attribute these losses to unitholders. However, the Fund may be able to carry forward and offset the capital losses against capital gains of the Fund in subsequent years (subject to certain ordering rules applicable to capital losses from 1 July 2027). Subject to satisfying certain conditions, the Fund may also be able to offset revenue losses against taxable income (including net capital gains) in subsequent years.

Tax implications for Australian Unitholders

This section contains a general outline of certain Australian income tax implications of holding units in the Hedged Class for Australian Unitholders (referred to in this section as 'you' or 'your').

Distributions and your share of the Fund's taxable income

Your share of the taxable income and any tax offsets of the Fund for an income year should be included in your tax return for that income year, irrespective of the amount and timing of distributions actually received or whether they are reinvested.

The taxable income of the Fund may contain various components which generally preserve the same character for Australian tax purposes in your hands as when they were derived by the Fund. These may include dividends, interest, and capital gains. You may also be allocated certain amounts not represented by a cash distribution such as Australian dividend franking credits.

If you are entitled to a share of franking credits from a Fund, they will generally be included in calculating your taxable income. The franking credits may then also be used to offset any tax payable on income for that year. Excess franking credits may also be refundable to individuals and superannuation funds, and in certain circumstances generate tax losses for corporate investors. Your entitlement to franking credits is subject to legislative restrictions, and in particular the satisfaction of the 'qualified person' or 'holding period' rules (which includes the 'related payment' rules). You may be denied the benefit of your share of any franking credits where you and/or the Fund have not held an interest in the relevant underlying securities on which the dividends are paid 'at risk' for a continuous period of 45 days for ordinary shares (ignoring the day of acquisition and disposal) over the prescribed period.

You will also be required to include your share of any capital gains of the Fund (for example, on the disposal of shares) in calculating your taxable income. If those capital gains of the Fund include any 'discount' capital gains or capital gains calculated using an indexed cost base, in calculating the capital gain included in your taxable income, you will be required to 'gross up' the amount of the capital gain that you include in calculating your taxable income to reverse the effect of any CGT discount and/or the indexation of the cost base claimed by the Fund. You may then be able to apply (i) indexation to your share of the Fund's cost base of the assets from 1 July 2027, (ii) any capital losses you have (subject to ordering rules from 1 July 2027) and/or (iii) any available CGT discount (the availability of which will change from 1 July 2027), in each case to the extent you are eligible to do so depending on your individual circumstances. If you are an individual, any net capital gains included in your taxable income that are attributable to the portion of capital gains made by the Fund relating to the period from 1 July 2027 onwards (along with any other net capital gains attributable to the period after 1 July 2027, and after allowing for certain deductions for gifts to deductible gift recipients available to you) will also be subject to a minimum tax rate of 30% in your hands. The Australian Government has also announced further legislative changes to Australia's CGT regime which have not yet been

enacted. The application of the CGT rules to capital gains of the Fund is complex, and you should seek professional taxation advice on both the impact of these reforms, and the application of the rules summarised above, to your individual circumstances.

To the extent the cash or property distributions you are actually entitled to from the Fund (including that you reinvest) for an income year exceed the amounts you include in calculating your taxable income in respect of your investment in the Fund for that income year, this may reduce the cost base of your units in the Fund for taxation purposes. Where the cost base of your units has been reduced to nil, any excess amounts may trigger a capital gain for you that is required to be included in your taxable income. Whilst the Fund is an AMIT, your cost base may also be increased where the distributions you receive from the Fund (including that you reinvest) are less than the taxable income of the Fund attributed to you (subject to certain adjustments). You should seek your own professional taxation advice in relation to your individual circumstances.

Disposal of units in the Hedged Class

The transfer or withdrawal (i.e. redemption) of a unit in the Hedged Class (including disposal through trading on the ASX) will be a CGT event for Australian tax purposes, which may result in you recognising a capital gain or capital loss.

You will make a capital gain if the proceeds you receive are more than the cost base of the units disposed of (which cost base may also in certain circumstances be increased by indexation from 1 July 2027). You will make a capital loss if those proceeds are less than the reduced cost base of the units (which reduced cost base is not subject to any indexation).

If you have held your units for at least 12 months (excluding the date of acquisition and disposal or realisation), then depending on the type of entity you are and when you acquire and dispose of or realise your units for CGT purposes, you may be eligible for a CGT discount for some portion or all of any capital gain arising from that disposal or realisation, or you may be eligible from 1 July 2027 to apply indexation to most elements of your cost base (other than the third element relating to the costs of owning the unit) in calculating any capital gain (but not any capital loss). Broadly, individuals and trustees of trusts may only be eligible for a CGT discount on the portion of any capital gain on those units relating to the period prior to 1 July 2027, but may be able to apply indexation to relevant elements of the cost base from 1 July 2027. Complying superannuation funds may be eligible for a CGT discount of 33 1/3% for any capital gain. Companies are not entitled to any CGT discount or indexation. However, the rules are complex (particularly for assets acquired prior to 1 July 2027 and disposed of after 1 July 2027), and you should seek professional taxation advice relevant to your individual circumstances.

To the extent you are an individual and have a net capital gain relating to a period after 1 July 2027 included in your taxable income, that net capital gain will (after allowing for any eligible deductions for gifts to deductible gift recipients) be subject to a minimum 30% tax rate.

However, the application of the CGT rules to capital gains on disposal of Units is complex. The Australian Government has also announced further legislative changes to Australia's CGT regime which have not yet been enacted. You should seek professional taxation advice on both the impact of these reforms and the application of the rules summarised above, to your individual circumstances.

Withdrawal from the Hedged Class

If you withdraw part or all of your investment in the Hedged Class (and as a result some or all of your units in the Hedged Class are withdrawn), part of the proceeds from the withdrawal may be treated as a share of Australian taxable income and tax offsets of the Fund (which may include or comprise any taxable income (such as capital or other gains) that arises as a result of your withdrawal from the Hedged Class). In that case, you may be required to include your share of that taxable income of the Fund in preparing your tax return in the income year in which the withdrawal occurs.

Any capital gain that would otherwise arise on the withdrawal (as discussed above) may be reduced by the amount of the withdrawal amounts that are included in calculating your Australian taxable income.

Tax implications for non-Australian Unitholders

The following section deals with certain Australian income tax implications of holding units in the Hedged Class for non-Australian Unitholders (referred to in this section as 'you' or 'your').

Non-Australian Unitholders should seek professional taxation advice on the Australian and any foreign tax implications associated with making, holding, disposing or withdrawing (i.e. redeeming) an investment in the Hedged Class.

Distributions and your share of the Fund's taxable income

You may have Australian income tax withheld or deducted from distributions you receive from the Fund. The withholding or deduction for Australian income tax will be calculated at the appropriate rate based on your share (or estimated share) of the relevant taxable income of the Fund for the income year. This will be the case even if you reinvest your distribution (in which case the amount available for reinvestment will be reduced) or the cash or property distribution actually received from the Fund is less than your share of the Australian-sourced taxable income of the Fund.

The amount that is required to be withheld or deducted will depend on a number of factors, including the character of the taxable income of the Fund and your jurisdiction of tax residence. Amounts attributable to Australian franked dividends received by the Fund will not be subject to Australian withholding tax. However, amounts attributable to unfranked dividends paid by Australian companies, interest (or amounts in the nature of interest) with an Australian source or (where the Fund is a MIT that is a withholding MIT) other taxable income of the Fund to the extent it is from an Australian source (including amounts attributable to capital gains of the Fund, but only to the extent they are in respect of 'taxable Australian Property' (discussed below)), may be subject to Australian withholding tax.

Any such withholding is generally a final tax, and you will not be required to lodge an Australian tax return in respect of your share of that taxable income subject to final Australian withholding tax.

Disposal of units in the Hedged Class

The transfer or withdrawal (i.e. redemption) of a unit in the Fund (including disposal through trading on the ASX) will be a CGT event for Australian tax purposes, which may result in you recognising a capital gain or capital loss for Australian income tax purposes. However, such capital gain or loss will generally be disregarded unless the units are 'taxable Australian property'. Based on current law, the units will generally only be 'taxable Australian property' where both you (together with any of your associates) have a greater than 10% interest (on an associate-inclusive basis) for more than 12 months in the 24 months preceding the disposal, and more than 50% of the market value of the Fund's assets are attributable to interests in Australian real property. However, these

rules are subject to proposed amendments that have not yet been enacted and the scope of which are unclear, and this may change in the future.

Withdrawal of units in the Hedged Class

If you withdraw part or all of your investment in the Fund (and as a result some or all of your units in the Hedged Class are withdrawn), you may also be attributed a share of the Australian taxable income and tax offsets of the Fund (which may comprise or include any taxable income (such as capital or other gains) that arises as a result of your withdrawal from the Fund). In that case, Australian income tax may be required to be withheld or deducted from the proceeds of any withdrawal from the Fund.

Any taxable capital gain that arose on the withdrawal may be reduced by the amount of the proceeds that are subject to Australian withholding tax.

Tax File Numbers/Australian Business Numbers

The Responsible Entity is authorised to request and collect your Australian Tax File Number (**TFN**) by the *Taxation Administration Act 1953* (Cth) for the purposes of complying with and reporting information pursuant to Australian taxation laws. Unitholders are not obliged to quote their TFN or (where eligible) their Australian Business Number (**ABN**), and it is not an offence not to do so. However, if a unitholder does not quote either of them (or provide proof of a relevant exemption), the Responsible Entity of the Fund has an obligation to withhold tax on distributions to you at the highest marginal tax rate, plus any additional levies (currently 47%).

Non-Australian Unitholders are generally exempt from providing a TFN or ABN.

Australian Tax Reform

This summary is based upon the relevant tax laws of Australia, and their published interpretation, as at the Issue Date. Reforms to the taxation of trusts are generally ongoing (and can have retrospective effect). Further, the Australian Government has announced changes to the CGT rules and the taxation of trusts which have not yet been enacted and the scope of which are unclear. Unitholders should seek their own professional taxation advice and monitor the progress of announcements and proposed legislative changes on the potential impact.

US Tax Withholding and Reporting under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA)

The United States of America has introduced rules (known as **FATCA**) which are intended to prevent US persons from avoiding tax. Broadly, the rules, together with Australian implementing rules, require 'Financial Institutions' such as the Fund to report information regarding certain accounts (which may include your units in the Fund) to the Australian Taxation Office (**ATO**), which may then pass the information on to the US Internal Revenue Service.

To comply with these obligations, the Responsible Entity will collect certain information about you and undertake certain due diligence procedures to verify your FATCA status and, if required, provide information to the ATO in respect of your investment in the Fund.

If you do not provide this information the Registry will not be able to process your application. Unitholders may be required to provide certain information on request. FATCA also imposes a withholding tax in certain circumstances.

Common Reporting Standard

The Australian Government has implemented the OECD Common Reporting Standard for the Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information (**CRS**). CRS, like the FATCA regime, requires Financial Institutions to collect and report information regarding certain accounts to the ATO and follow related due diligence procedures.

The Fund is a 'Financial Institution' under the CRS and the Fund intends to comply with its CRS obligations by obtaining and reporting information on relevant accounts (which may include your units in the Fund) to the ATO. For the Fund to comply with its obligations, the Registry will request that you provide certain information and certifications. Unitholders may be required to provide certain information on request. The Registry will determine whether the Fund is required to report your details to the ATO based on their assessment of the relevant information received.

The ATO may provide this information to other jurisdictions that have signed a relevant "CRS Competent Authority Agreement", that provides the mechanism to facilitate the automatic exchange of information in accordance with the CRS. The Australian Government has enacted legislation amending, among other things, the *Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)* of Australia to give effect to the CRS.

11. Other information

Labour standards, environmental, social and ethical considerations

The Responsible Entity does not itself take into account labour standards or environmental, social and ethical considerations for the purposes of selecting, retaining or realising investments for the Fund. The Responsible Entity has delegated investment management decisions of the Fund, to the Investment Manager pursuant to the IMA, which includes taking into account labour standards or environmental, social and ethical considerations for the purpose of selecting, retaining or realising investments.

For information in relation to how the Investment Manager incorporates such considerations into the management of this Fund, please refer to 'The Fund's approach to ESG' section.

The Fund's approach to ESG

Overview

This Fund considers ESG-related risks and opportunities within its investment process; but does not have an ESG-related or specific sustainable investment objective.

This Fund's investment process, including with respect to ESG factors, may differ to other funds managed by the Investment Manager.

With respect to this Fund, the Investment Manager employs a seven-step investment process: (1) screening; (2) fundamental research; (3) value ranking model; (4) quality ranking model; (5) stock selection; (6) macro risk management; and (7) portfolio construction.

ESG analysis is integrated into the investment process primarily through step 4: the quality ranking model.

Quality ranking model

The quality ranking model consists of 25 criteria that the Investment Manager utilises. A score out of ten is assigned to each criterion (with ten being the maximum and one the minimum) giving each entity a maximum potential total score of 250. ESG factors are captured both explicitly, through the respective scores assigned to the Environmental, Social and Governance criteria, and implicitly, where ESG factors are relevant to the other criteria considered by the Investment Manager (such as the Disruption criterion, which may involve consideration of whether an energy pipeline company faces stranded asset risk[3], as fossil fuels may be replaced by lower carbon energy sources). The quality scores assigned to each stock are informed and determined by the fundamental research, analysis and engagement carried out by the Investment Manager.

In determining the respective quality scores for the Environmental, Social and Governance criteria, the Investment Manager considers ESG factors it believes may affect an investment's return. These factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- **Environmental factors:** an entity's carbon emissions; its share of non-renewable energy consumption and production; activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas; and emissions to water.
- **Social factors:** an entity's compliance with the UN Global Compact principles, and the OECD's Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises; its record and approach to workplace health and safety; and Board gender diversity levels.
- **Governance factors:** an entity's board structure (which may include factors such as board independence, the separation of chairman and CEO roles and audit and remuneration committee independence) and the protection of minority interests.

The total quality score, combined with the total value score (being step 3 of the investment process, which ranks stocks according to the Investment Manager's view on potential mispricing), provides an overall ranking of the stocks. This overall ranking is used to inform stock selection. All else being equal, a lower ranking generally makes it harder for a stock to be selected for inclusion within the portfolio. It is possible that a stock with low ESG-related quality scores may still be considered eligible for inclusion in the portfolio.

The emphasis placed by the Investment Manager on a particular ESG factor when determining each Environmental, Social and Governance criterion's quality score, is based on the Investment Manager's assessment of the extent to which that factor is likely to have an impact on the returns of the relevant stock over the long-term. As a result, consideration of a particular ESG factor may vary by sector and/or region, as well as being influenced by stock-specific details.

Other ESG-related parameters

In addition, as part of the Investment Manager's fundamental research, other ESG-related parameters are considered when seeking to gain an understanding of an entity.

- For utilities with material[4] power generation assets, the Fund seeks to invest in utilities that can demonstrate a declining carbon intensity over retrospective rolling five year periods (as measured by tons of carbon emitted in the course of generating electricity, per MWh of electricity generated)[5], or that can demonstrate carbon intensity of at least 25% below the average of utilities in the Investment Manager's investment universe.
- The Fund monitors for adherence to the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises[6] and the UN Global Compact.[7]

Any failures to meet the ESG-related parameters considered by the Investment Manager or breaches of the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or the UN Global Compact identified are reviewed and assessed by the Investment Manager. Where data sources indicate that thresholds are breached, the Investment Manager will assess the data for accuracy, and validate it. Such failures or breaches do not automatically prevent the Fund from investing in the relevant entity, or lead to divestment from the entity by the Fund. Rather, the Investment Manager will monitor and

3 'Stranded asset risk' refers to the risk of assets being devalued or written-off before the end of their economic life. This could result from environmental challenges, a changed resources landscape, new government regulations, falling technology costs, evolving social norms, through litigation or changing laws.

4 For these purposes, the term 'material generation assets' means over 2GW of carbon-emitting power generation capacity.

5 The measure of carbon intensity over time may be adjusted to take into account circumstances including but not limited to corporate restructurings, such as an entity's acquisition or divestment of power generation assets, or changes in capacity factors i.e. how often a power plant is running at maximum power. Carbon intensity statistics are provided by a third party data provider. The accuracy of the Investment Manager's findings is in part dependent on company disclosure standards that are made available from third-party data providers.

6 The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises are recommendations addressing governments to multinational enterprises operating in or from adhering countries. They provide non-binding principles and standards for responsible business conduct in a global context.

7 The UN Global Compact is an initiative of the UN Secretary-General designed to encourage companies to align their operations and strategies with Ten Principles in the areas of human rights, labour, environment and anti-corruption.

assess the situation and, where deemed necessary, engage with the entity's management to determine how the entity is responding to the relevant failure or breach. Persistent or systematic failures or breaches may lead to divestment by the Fund, in circumstances where the Investment Manager considers that an entity has not responded adequately to the engagement process.

Exclusion of certain investments

In addition to the above ESG analysis, the management of the Fund is also subject to the exclusion of investment (either in equity or debt (as applicable)) in entities that:

- derive any gross revenue directly from the manufacture of Controversial Weapons (defined below) or Tobacco Products (defined below); or
- own a 50% or more interest in entities that derive any gross revenue directly from the manufacture of Controversial Weapons or Tobacco Products.

This exclusion is subject to the following qualifications:

- For the purposes of this exclusion, Controversial Weapons means: anti-personnel mines, cluster weapons, biological and chemical weapons, depleted uranium, nuclear weapons produced in support of the nuclear weapons programs of non-nuclear weapon state parties and non-signatories to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and white phosphorus munitions.
- For the purposes of this exclusion, Tobacco Products means: traditional cigarettes and other tobacco products, such as cigars and chewing tobacco, however vaping and e-cigarette products are not captured by this definition.
- This exclusion does not apply to investments in entities with minority investments (i.e. less than 50% interest in the entity) in other entities or joint ventures that are involved in the manufacture of Controversial Weapons or Tobacco Products.
- The implementation of this exclusion is dependent on information relating to either reported revenues or revenue estimates provided by reputable third-party research providers. Where such information turns out to be inaccurate or there are delays in accessing such information, the implementation of this exclusion may in turn be delayed, particularly where there has been material changes in the nature of certain investments.

If any existing investment is subsequently assessed to be captured by the above exclusion, the relevant investment team will generally seek an orderly sale of that investment within three months, but this timeframe may vary on a case-by-case basis.

Constitution

The operation of the Fund and the Hedged Class is governed by the Constitution, which together with the Corporations Act, sets out the rights, liabilities and obligations of both unitholders and the Responsible Entity.

The Constitution also sets out the procedures for termination and winding up of the Fund. Upon termination, the net proceeds of the Fund will be distributed pro rata to unitholders according to their unit holdings, provided the Responsible Entity may retain such part of the proceeds required to meet all outstanding liabilities and expenses.

The Responsible Entity may attribute particular amounts of the assets and liabilities of the Fund to the Hedged Class in preference to other classes of units and may have regard to the number of units in the Hedged Class only to calculate the pro-rata distribution entitlements to unitholders of the Fund.

The Constitution also contains provisions designed to limit the liability of unitholders to the amount they have invested in the Fund. However, you should be aware that the effectiveness of such a limitation is yet to be conclusively determined by the courts.

Subject to the Corporations Act, the Responsible Entity may alter a Constitution if it reasonably considers the amendments will not adversely affect unitholder's rights. Otherwise, the Responsible Entity must obtain approval by special resolution of the unitholders at a meeting of unitholders.

A copy of the Constitution may be obtained free of charge by contacting the Responsible Entity or the Investment Manager.

Compliance Plan

In accordance with the Corporations Act, a Compliance Plan has been prepared for the Fund and lodged with ASIC. The Compliance Plan outlines the measures the Responsible Entity will apply in operating the Fund to ensure that the Fund is compliant with the Constitution of the Fund and the Corporations Act.

An external auditor undertakes a review of the Compliance Plan and the Responsible Entity's compliance with it on an annual basis as required under the Corporations Act.

Investment Management Agreement (IMA)

The Responsible Entity is able to terminate the Investment Manager's appointment under the IMA in certain circumstances without penalty, including but not limited to:

- where the Investment Manager enters into receivership, liquidation, is placed under official management or an administrator is appointed to its affairs or it ceases to conduct business;
- where the Investment Manager, in a material respect, is in breach or fails to observe or perform any duty, obligation, representation, warranty or undertaking under the IMA and fails to rectify such breach or failure within a reasonable period specified by the Responsible Entity; and
- where the Responsible Entity has obtained independent external legal advice and considers it reasonably necessary to do so to ensure compliance with its duties and obligations under relevant law, the Constitution or by any court of competent jurisdiction.

Other service providers

Administrator and Custodian

The Responsible Entity has appointed The Northern Trust Company ABN 62 126 279 918, AFSL 314970 as the custodian and administrator of the Fund (**Northern Trust**, **Custodian** or **Administrator**).

In its role as Custodian, Northern Trust will hold assets of the Fund, and in its role as Administrator, it will undertake functions including portfolio valuation, and investment accounting for the Fund.

Registry

The Responsible Entity has appointed MUFG Corporate Markets FS Pty Ltd ABN 44 114 914 215 (**MUFG Corporate Markets** or **Registry**) under a Registry Services Agreement (**RSA**) as the Issuer Sub-Register service provider for the Hedged Class. In providing unlisted unit registry services, MUFG Corporate Markets will undertake functions including processing of investor instructions, maintaining the Issuer Sub-Register, arranging for the issue and withdrawal of units directly with the Responsible Entity and producing and distributing, regulatory and tax reporting to unitholders in the Hedged Class.

ETF Registry

The Responsible Entity has appointed MUFG Corporate Markets (AU) Limited ABN 54 083 214 537 (**MUFG Corporate Markets (AU)** or **ETF Registry**) under an RSA as the CHESS Sub-Register service provider for the Hedged Class. The RSA sets out the services provided by the ETF Registry on an ongoing basis together with the service standards. The role of the ETF Registry is to keep a record of unitholders that purchase units in the Hedged Class on the ASX or Convert from the Issuer Sub-Register. This includes information such as the quantity of units held, TFNs (if provided), bank account details and details of DRP participation.

Market Maker(s)

The Responsible Entity has appointed the Market Maker(s) under a Market Making Agreement to execute market making activities. The role of a market maker is to provide liquidity for the Hedged Class on the ASX. It does this by:

- placing orders to buy and sell units on the ASX (as required under the ASX Operating Rules); and
- via an Authorised Participant, creating and withdrawing units directly with the Responsible Entity pursuant to this PDS, which helps to ensure the number of units on issue available for trading matches supply and demand on the ASX.

The Responsible Entity seeks to appoint Market Maker(s) that:

- have experience in making markets in exchange traded funds in Australia;
- have the necessary skill and expertise to perform market making functions; and
- are market participants of the ASX (or trade through a market participant).

The Responsible Entity will not disclose every portfolio holding and its weighting on a daily basis because it could enable front-running or replication of the portfolio, creating an unacceptable risk to the Fund to the detriment of investors. The ASX permits delayed disclosure in limited circumstances where it is necessary to protect the Fund's intellectual property. The Fund therefore discloses its full portfolio holdings on a delayed basis.

The Responsible Entity and the Market Maker have entered into an agreement to use the MPI disclosure model. The MPI disclosure model represents material portfolio information that enables the Market Maker to determine the price at which it buys and sells units on the ASX. The MPI disclosure model will disclose characteristic information and a range to disclose a midpoint weight for the securities in the portfolio.

A Market Maker uses information such as the iNAV and MPI to determine the price of the units in the Hedged Class and places a bid/ask spread around this value before sending these prices to the ASX as bid and ask orders. Under the ASX Operating Rules, there is a maximum bid/ask spread for buy and sell orders that the Market Maker is required to place. These orders may be matched with orders from investors who are offering to sell or buy units, in which case the Market Maker and the relevant investors will trade on the ASX.

Authorised Participant(s)

The Responsible Entity has appointed the Authorised Participant(s) to assist with providing liquidity on the ASX pursuant to an Authorised Participant agreement. However, there is no obligation on an Authorised Participant to place buy and sell orders to support market making activities.

Where permitted under the terms of an Authorised Participant agreement, the Responsible Entity may apply a higher minimum initial and additional application amount and higher minimum account balance for an Authorised Participant(s).

iNAV Provider

The Responsible Entity has appointed the iNAV Provider to calculate the iNAV.

The Responsible Entity in its discretion may change the Administrator, Custodian, Registry, ETF Registry, Market Maker(s), Authorised Participant(s) and iNAV Provider from time to time or appoint additional service providers.

Reporting and continuous disclosure

The following information will be available on the Investment Manager's website at www.firstsentierinvestors.com.au:

- the NAV per unit on a daily basis;
- the iNAV available throughout the Business Day;
- the MPI on a daily basis;
- the correlation between the performance of the MPI and the Hedged Class on a quarterly basis;
- the full portfolio holdings of the Fund on a quarterly basis, with a delay of up to two months; and
- the PDS and TMD.

The Hedged Class will, as applicable, be subject to certain reporting and ongoing disclosure obligations. Unitholders will receive (as applicable) copies of the following reports with respect to their unitholdings:

- transaction confirmation for their initial investment and all subsequent transactions;
- periodic transaction statements;
- AMIT member annual statement (**AMMA Statement**);
- annual tax statement;
- AMIT distribution statement; and
- exit statement.

Unitholders investing via a Service will receive reporting from their Service Operator and unitholders investing by either applying for units directly with the Responsible Entity or purchasing units on the ASX can access reporting via the investor portal or request copies from the Registry, ETF Registry and/or Investment Manager.

The Fund will be subject to regular reporting and disclosure obligations as if it was an unlisted disclosing entity under the Corporations Act. The Responsible Entity will comply with its continuous disclosure obligations by publishing copies of the continuous disclosure notices on the Investment Manager's website at www.firstsentierinvestors.com.au in accordance with ASIC's good practice guidance on website disclosure.

In addition, you may obtain copies of the following information at no charge by contacting the Responsible Entity and copies of any documents lodged with ASIC in relation to the Fund may be obtained from, or inspected at, an ASIC office (as applicable):

- the annual financial reports most recently lodged with ASIC;
- any half-yearly financial reports lodged with ASIC after the lodgement of the aforementioned annual report;

- MIT fund payment notices and AMIT deemed payment and dividend, interest and royalty payment notices;
- any continuous disclosure notices given by the Fund; and
- any ongoing disclosure of material changes and significant events.

Unitholders investing via a Service will receive Hedged Class information from their Service Operator and unitholders investing by either applying for units directly with the Responsible Entity or purchasing units on the ASX will receive Fund information from the Investment Manager.

ASIC Relief

Ongoing disclosure – ASIC has granted relief under *ASIC Corporations (Relief to Facilitate Admission of Exchange Traded Funds) Instrument 2024/147* under Section 1020F(1)(a) of the Corporations Act from the ongoing disclosure requirements in section 1017B on the condition that the Responsible Entity complies with the continuous disclosure requirements in section 675 of the Corporations Act as if the Hedged Class was an unlisted disclosing entity.

Periodic Statements – ASIC has granted *ASIC Corporations (Periodic Statement Relief for Quoted Securities) Instrument 2024/14* which exempts the Responsible Entity from certain periodic statement requirements which will apply in relation to units acquired on the ASX. In particular, the Responsible Entity is not required to include unit purchase or sale price information or return on investment information where it is unable to determine such information provided the Responsible Entity explains why this information is not included and how it can be obtained or calculated. In addition, the Instrument requires the Responsible Entity to provide information about the performance of the Fund relative to its investment objective.

Cooling-off period

Investors do not have cooling-off rights in respect of units in the Hedged Class (regardless of whether they are purchased on the ASX or applied directly with the Responsible Entity (via the Registry)).

Declarations

By acquiring units on the ASX, you represent and warrant that:

- you have received, read and understood the PDS for the Hedged Class (as may be updated from time to time), and you agree to be bound by the terms of the PDS;
- you agree to be bound by the Constitution (as amended from time to time);
- if requested, you will provide additional information and assistance, and comply with all reasonable requests, to facilitate compliance of AML Requirements by the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager (as applicable);
- you agree to personal information about you being collected, used and disclosed in accordance with the Responsible Entity's privacy policy, First Sentier Group's Privacy Notice and the privacy statement in this PDS below; and
- you agree to receive communications for the Hedged Class electronically unless you have specifically elected or requested otherwise.

Privacy

The Registry on behalf of the Responsible Entity may collect personal information from you during the application process and any other relevant forms to process your application, administer your investment and comply with applicable laws. If you do not provide this information, the Responsible Entity may not be able to administer your investment. The Responsible Entity may disclose your personal information to its related entities and to service providers who perform a range of services on its behalf. These recipients may be located in Australia or overseas.

The Responsible Entity collects, uses and discloses personal information in accordance with the Privacy Act 1988 (Cth) and its privacy policy. The Responsible Entity's privacy policy includes information about:

- the types of personal information it collects and holds;
- how it collects and holds personal information;
- the purposes for which it collects, holds, uses and discloses personal information;
- how you may access and seek correction of your personal information (note that exceptions apply in some circumstances);
- how you may complain about a breach of the Australian Privacy Principles (**APP**), or a registered APP code (if any) that binds the Responsible Entity, and how we handle such a complaint; and
- whether personal information is likely to be disclosed to overseas recipients and, where practicable, the countries in which such recipients are likely to be located.

The Responsible Entity's privacy policy is publicly available at www.perpetual.com.au or you can obtain a copy free of charge by contacting the Responsible Entity. First Sentier Group's Privacy Notice is available at www.firstsentierinvestors.com.au.

If you invest indirectly through a Service Operator, the Responsible Entity may not collect or hold your personal information in connection with your investment in the Hedged Class. Please contact your Service Operator for more information about their privacy policy.

Anti-Money Laundering and Counter Terrorism Financing

The Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006 (**AML Act**) and other applicable anti-money laundering and counter terrorism laws, regulations, rules and policies which apply to the Responsible Entity (**AML Requirements**), regulate financial services and transactions in a way that is designed to detect and prevent money laundering and terrorism financing. The AML Act is enforced by the Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre (**AUSTRAC**). In order to comply with the AML Requirements, the Responsible Entity is required, amongst other things:

- to verify your identity and the source of your application monies (which may include enhanced verification or due diligence on persons associated with you) before providing services to you, and to re-identify you if it considers it necessary to do so; and
- where you supply documentation relating to the verification of your identity (and where applicable, persons associated with you), keep a record of this documentation.

The Responsible Entity and any agent acting on its behalf reserve the right to request such information as is necessary to verify your identity (which may include requesting such information as necessary to verify persons associated with you) and the source of the payment. You must provide true and complete information or documentation at all times, and failure to do so may result in an offence under other applicable laws. In the event of delay or failure by you to produce this information, the Responsible Entity may refuse to accept an application and the application monies relating to such application or may suspend the payment of withdrawal proceeds if necessary to comply with AML Requirements applicable to them. Neither the Responsible Entity nor its agents shall be liable to you for any loss suffered by you because of the rejection or delay of any subscription or payment of withdrawal proceeds.

The Responsible Entity has implemented several measures and controls to ensure it complies with its obligations under the AML Requirements, including carefully identifying and monitoring unitholders. Because of the implementation of these measures and controls:

- transactions may be delayed, blocked, frozen or refused where the Responsible Entity has reasonable grounds to believe that the transaction breaches the law or sanctions of Australia or any other country, including the AML Requirements;
- where transactions are delayed, blocked, frozen or refused, the Responsible Entity or its agents are not liable for any loss you suffer (including consequential loss) caused by reason of any action taken or not taken by them as contemplated above, or because of the Responsible Entity's compliance with the AML Requirements as they apply to the Fund; and
- the Responsible Entity or any agents acting on its behalf may from time to time require additional information from you to assist it in this process.

The Responsible Entity has certain reporting obligations under the AML Requirements and is prevented from informing you that any such reporting has taken place. Where required by law, the Responsible Entity may disclose the information gathered to regulatory or law enforcement agencies, including AUSTRAC. Neither the Responsible Entity nor its agents are liable for any loss you may suffer because of the Responsible Entity's compliance with the AML Requirements.

Consents

The Investment Manager, Northern Trust, MUFG Corporate Markets and MUFG Corporate Markets (AU) have given consent, which has not been withdrawn as at the Issue Date of this PDS, to being named in the form and context in which they are named and the statements about them in the form and context they appear in this PDS.

Conflicts of interest

Affiliate investment teams within the First Sentier Group may be the investment manager of other funds not described in this PDS. Entities within the Perpetual group of companies may act in various capacities (such as responsible entity, trustee and custodian) for other funds, schemes or managed accounts. First Sentier Group and the Perpetual group of companies have policies and procedures in place to identify and where possible mitigate or avoid these conflicts.

Enquiries and complaints

If you have any enquiries regarding the Hedged Class, please contact Investor Services at 1300 553 490 for more information.

The Responsible Entity has established procedures for dealing with complaints. If an investor has a complaint, they can contact the Responsible Entity and/or Investor Services during business hours, using the contact details provided in this PDS. We will endeavour to resolve your complaint fairly and as quickly as we can. We will respond to your complaint within the maximum response timeframe of 30 days. If we are unable to respond within the maximum response time because we have not had a reasonable opportunity to do so, we will write to you to let you know of the delay.

All investors (regardless of whether you hold units in the Hedged Class directly or hold units indirectly via a Service Operator) can access the Responsible Entity's complaints procedures outlined above. If investing via a Service Operator and your complaint concerns the operation of the Service Operator then you should contact the Service Operator directly. If an investor is not satisfied with the final complaint outcome proposed, any aspect of the complaints handling process or a delay in responding by the maximum response time, the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (**AFCA**) may be able to assist if you are an eligible investor. AFCA operates the external complaints resolution scheme of which the Responsible Entity is a member. If you seek assistance from AFCA, their services are provided at no cost to you.

You can contact AFCA on 1800 931 678, or by writing to:

Australian Financial Complaints Authority Limited
GPO Box 3
Melbourne VIC 3001
Email: info@afca.org.au
Website: www.afca.org.au

Terms used in this PDS

ABN - Australian Business Number.

AFCA - Australian Financial Complaints Authority.

AMIT - Attribution managed investment trust.

AML - Anti-Money Laundering.

AML Act - *Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006.*

AML Requirements - obligations under the *Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006* and other regulations, rules and policies which apply.

AMMA Statement - AMIT member annual statement.

APP - Australian Privacy Principles.

AQUA Rules - Schedule 10A of the ASX Operating Rules, and related procedures as amended, varied or waived from time to time.

ASIC - the Australian Securities and Investments Commission.

ASX - Australian Securities Exchange, being the financial market operated by ASX Limited ABN 98 008 624 691.

ASX Listing Rules - the official listing rules of the ASX, as amended, varied or waived from time to time.

ASX Operating Rules - the operating rules of the ASX as amended, varied or waived from time to time.

ATO - Australian Taxation Office.

AUSTRAC - Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre.

Australian Unitholders - a unitholder who is a resident of Australia for Australian income tax purposes and who holds units in the Hedged Class directly and on capital account.

Authorised Participant(s) - appointed by the Responsible Entity to assist with providing liquidity on the ASX.

Business Day - a day that is a trading day for the purposes of the ASX Operating Rules.

CGT - capital gains tax.

CHESS - Clearing House Electronic Sub-Register System, clearing and settlement facility which also provides an electronic sub-register service.

CHESS Sub-Register - the sub-register from which units may be purchased or sold on the ASX.

Compliance Plan - outlines the measures the Responsible Entity will apply in operating the Fund to ensure the Fund operates in compliance with the Constitution and the Corporations Act.

Constitution - the constitution of the Fund, as amended from time to time.

Conversion - the process of a unitholder moving units between the CHESS Sub-Register and the Issuer Sub-Register, and vice versa, and '**Convert**' has the same meaning.

Corporations Act - *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).*

CRS - OECD Common Reporting Standards.

DRP - distribution reinvestment plan.

ESG - environmental, social and governance.

FATCA - Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act of the United States of America.

Fund - First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (ARSN: 157 876 134).

GST - goods and services tax as defined in the *A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 (Cth)* as amended from time to time.

Hedged Class – First Sentier Global Listed Infrastructure Fund (Hedged) Active ETF (APIR: FSF1241AU).

HIN - Holder Identification Number, a unique number used to identify the owner of units that are on the CHESS Sub-Register.

IMA - the investment management agreement between The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited and First Sentier Investors (Australia) IM Ltd dated 29 April 2025 under which First Sentier Investors (Australia) IM Ltd is appointed as investment manager of the Fund, as may be amended from time to time.

iNAV - indicative NAV per unit published throughout the Business Day on the Investment Manager's website at www.firstsentierinvestors.com.au.

iNAV Provider - appointed by the Responsible Entity to provide the iNAV for the Hedged Class.

Investment Manager - First Sentier Investors (Australia) IM Ltd ABN 89 114 194 311, AFSL 289017.

Investor Directed Portfolio Service (IDPS) - or IDPS-like scheme or a nominee or custody service (collectively referred to as master trusts or wrap accounts), refers to a service that allows a person to access the Hedged Class indirectly.

Issue Date - 1 October 2026.

Issuer Sub-Register - the sub-register to which units may be issued or withdrawn directly by the Responsible Entity.

ITCs - input tax credits in the *A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 (Cth)* as amended from time to time.

Market Maker(s) - appointed by the Responsible Entity to execute market making activities and to provide liquidity to investors on the ASX by acting as a buyer and seller of units in the Hedged Class.

MIT - managed investment trust.

MPI - material portfolio information which involves a proxy basket representing characteristic and a range to disclose the midpoint weight for the securities in the portfolio being disclosed to the market.

MPI disclosure model – the disclosure of MPI information which will be used by the Market Maker(s) to determine the price at which it buys and sells units on the ASX.

MUFG - Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.

MUFG Corporate Markets or **Registry** - MUFG Corporate Markets FS Pty Ltd ABN 44 114 914 215.

MUFG Corporate Markets (AU) or **ETF Registry** - MUFG Corporate Markets (AU) Limited ABN 54 083 214 537.

NAV - net asset value calculated as the total market value of the assets of the Hedged Class less the total value of the liabilities of the Hedged Class, determined in accordance with the Constitution.

Northern Trust, Custodian or **Administrator** - The Northern Trust Company ABN 62 126 279 918, AFSL 314970.

PDS - Product Disclosure Statement.

Perpetual - Perpetual Limited ABN 86 000 431 827.

Responsible Entity, our, we or **us** - The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited ABN 45 003 278 831, AFSL 235150.

retail client - has the meaning given by section 761G of the Corporations Act.

RITCs - reduced input tax credits as defined in the *A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 (Cth)* as amended from time to time.

RSA - Registry Services Agreement.

Service - IDPS, IDPS-like scheme, a nominee or custody service or any other trading platform authorised by the Responsible Entity.

Service Operator - the operator of a Service.

SRM – Standard Risk Measure based on Australian Prudential Regulation Authority guidance and Standard Risk Measure Guidance Paper for Trustees issued July 2011 by the Financial Services Council and The Association of Superannuation Funds of Australia.

SRN - Securityholder Reference Number, a unique number used to identify the owner of units that are on the Issuer Sub-Register.

TMD - Target Market Determination prepared for the Hedged Class in accordance with the Design and Distribution Obligations regime (requirements of Part 7.8A of the Corporations Act).

TFN - Australian taxation file number.

Unit Pricing and Valuation Policy - the Responsible Entity's documented unit pricing policy.

wholesale client - has the meaning given by section 761G of the Corporations Act.

Withdrawal Date – the next valuation time following acceptance of a withdrawal request.